

The Oxford County Citizen.

VOLUME XXI—NUMBER 21.

BETHEL, MAINE, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1915.

\$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

BETHEL INN

Happenings of the Week

Mrs. John F. Holland and John F. Holland, Jr., of Chicago are at the Inn.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Morse and Mr. J. W. Morse of Boston were luncheon guests on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Powers of Providence, R. I., accompanied by the Misses Powers arrived on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Roper of Norfolk, Virginia, were guests of Mr. Wm. Bingham during the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Seavey motored to Rangely on Tuesday and will return the latter part of the week.

Mrs. Robert F. Clark and her sister, Miss H. P. Kimball, both of Boston, arrived on Monday for a week's visit.

Mrs. C. H. Watson and Miss Watson of Boston, accompanied by Miss Harris of Salem, Mass., were week end visitors.

Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Stone and Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Burgess of Lexington, Mass., were luncheon guests on Thursday.

Mr. Harry Gregg was joined by the other members of his family—Mrs. Gregg and their two little sons—on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis E. Carter, Miss Elizabeth Carter, Miss Alice Carter, motoring from Portland, were luncheon guests on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Willys of Toledo, Ohio, were luncheon guests on Monday. Mr. Willys is a well known automobile manufacturer being the president of the Willys Overland Company.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Emmet of New York with their two daughters were guests on Monday and Tuesday. They usually spend the summer abroad but this season joined the summer colony at Bar Harbor. They are on a short motor trip through the White Mountains on their way home.

Three P. M. is the time and the Bethel Inn links the place—any afternoon except Sunday—and the players are real golfers. It was the intention of the Bethel Golf Club to give handicaps in the coming tournament, but it will not be necessary to do this, as everybody now is a scratch man.

Mr. Theodore C. Hollander and Mr. Lewis C. Benton of Wenham and Boston arrived at the Inn on Thursday and left on Saturday for a short visit to Bretton Woods. Mr. Hollander and Mr. Benton together with many other Boston friends are anticipating a visit to the Inn during the coming winter to enjoy the winter sports.

Arrivals—Mrs. Clinton Ogilvie, New York, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. C. Howard Collet, Philadelphia, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. Arthur M. Allen, Providence, R. I.; Mr. and Mrs. Donald E. Jackson, Providence, R. I.; Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Carr, Boston, Mass.; Mr. Benj. Cole, Boston, Mass.; Mr. and Mrs. Frederick F. Brewster, New Haven, Conn.; Miss Jeanne Emmet, New York, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Graham, Boston, Mass.; Mr. A. K. Hamilton, Milwaukee, Wis.; Miss A. B. Hamilton, Milwaukee, Wis.; Miss Ruth Pich, Milwaukee, Wis.; Miss Dorothy Howard, Boston, Mass.; Mrs. J. W. Goddard, St. Louis, Mo.; Mrs. P. B. Chamberlain, St. Louis, Mo.; Mrs. Callender, Boston, Mass.; Mr. Longdon Coffin, Newton, Mass.; Mr. L. H. Bates, Brookline, Mass.; Miss J. H. Beardsley, Auburn, N. Y.; Miss J. T. Sullivan, Auburn, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Cousins, Portland, Me.; Mr. L. A. Cousins, Jr., Portland, Me.; Mrs. J. Foster Warner, Rochester, N. Y.

NOTICE OF LOST BANK BOOK.

Notice is hereby given that the Bethel Savings Bank has been notified that book of deposit issued by said bank to Mabel H. Bartlett and numbered 227a, has been destroyed or lost, and that she desires to have a new book of deposit issued to her.

BETHEL SAVINGS BANK,
By A. E. Herrick, Treasurer,
Sept. 25, 1915. Bethel, Maine.
9-20-15.

HOMER AND STORE, Boston, only 12c year and your ad free; rights department stores. 7-29-15.

WEST BETHEL

GRANGE FAIR

A Decided Success

When the announcement came that West Bethel Grange was going to hold an agricultural fair all began planning their work so as to attend. And all who attended were glad that they did for the fair was a decided success both financially and socially.

As one approached the beautiful village from the east the first that claimed his attention was the large Vashaw barn with the front part all transformed into a veritable bower, filled with pictures, fancy work, vegetables, etc. Upon entering we beheld Mrs. Annie McLean sitting at a spinning wheel, carding and spinning wool as in "ye olden time." Near by Mrs. J. E. Pike sold post card views and Mr. Edward P. Lyon, the Bethel jeweler, demonstrated the possibilities of the Victrola, while in another corner Mr. Florette showed his handiwork.

Around the big barn were the animals, on one side the hens and chickens and on the other the cattle, horses and pigs.

At the Grange Hall were the different booths where you could buy anything from a chance on a sofa pillow to an iron spoon and all attractively arranged. Inside of the hall preparations for dinner were going on and when it came dinner time over 250 tickets were sold and none were turned away for lack of food.

Part of the entertainment of the morning was a ball game between a team from Gorham and the West Bethel which resulted in a victory for the Gorhams by a score of 10 to 3.

In the afternoon came the horse pulling and the excitement of the contest made up for the lack of entries. The surprise of the day was the ease with which H. M. Bailey's horses walked away with their load.

Supper was served at six o'clock and the excellent dinner assured a good patronage.

Then there was dancing in the upper part of the Grange Hall during the afternoon followed by a grand ball in the evening.

Thus ended a very pleasant day and the Grange is to be commended for its courage in taking hold of the idea and its zeal in carrying it out. Let us hope that this may be made an annual event and the surrounding towns invited to participate.

Fancy Work and Curios.

Among the fancy work and curios displayed were: old fashioned rocking chair, 100 years old; Robert Edwards; spinning wheel, over 100 years old; Mrs. Chas. Valentine; reel and cards, over 100 years old; Mrs. J. E. Pike; patch work quilt, Mrs. Will Bennett; 3 patch work quilts and 2 hand braided rugs; Mrs. Sandy McLean; embroidered table runner and pair embroidered guest towels, Mrs. H. N. Upton; 2 embroidered pillow tops, embroidered and punch work table centerpiece, embroidered pillow, Nellie Colburn; 2 rag rugs, Gladys Bennett; rag rug made by Ethel Allen 12 years old; bungalow pillow, Irene S. Morrill; silk patch quilt, embroidered daisy sofa pillow, pair embroidered sheets and pillow slips, embroidered guest towel, Lona E. Gilbert; basket over 100 years old, Cyrus Mills; braided rug made by Orville Bartlett, 34 years old; bungalow pillow top, Mrs. Dean Martin; hand woven spread made by Mrs. Barbara Head, 100 years old, embroidered dolly, Mrs. W. W. Goodridge; army blanket, canteen and rifle used in the Civil War, W. W. Goodridge; sampler, crocheted dolly, Mrs. Ervin Hutchinson; Ruth Bean Grover, quilt made between ages 8-12, pair embroidered guest towels, embroidered dolly and table scarf; Mrs. Emma Bartlett, table spread made in Smyrna, battenburg dolly, 2 battenburg collars, embroidered handkerchief made by Turke, crocheted and cut work apron, shawl imported from Paris; Lettie M. Davis, embroidered sheets, pillow slips and sofa pillow; Mrs. Marjorie Mason, 3 hand drawn rugs, crocheted spread; Mr. Fred C. Florette presided over a booth showing his Mexican paper work consisting of flowers, parasols, mats, brush cases, etc., also an embroidered dolly, string of starch beads; Mabel Scribner, drawn work dolly, 2 crocheted dollies, cut work burlap scarf, 2 pair embroidered guest towels, pair embroidered pillow slips, crocheted combination, 3 crocheted petticoats; Libby Lynne Goodridge, pair stencil curtains, embroidered darling bag; Mrs. Mary M. Bell, 8 patch work quilts, embroidered.

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INEFFICIENCY IN GOVERNMENT

By J. E. Jones.

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CHAPTER 6.

The English government appears to have exercised almost inexplicable control over the domestic affairs of the United States. In late years we have been making our canal toll laws and regulating our foreign policies with an idea to pleasing England. During the war our commerce on the seas has been subjected to humiliating and exasperating interference and foreign supervision. But it was not always thus. Senator Charles Sumner, of Massachusetts, in advocating the purchase of Alaska, gave as reasons why there should be no delays "the interest of the United States, the extension of international domain, the extension of Republican institutions, the foreclosure of diverse British possessions and the amity of Russia." In short, we purchased Alaska because of the anti-British sentiment in the United States. We paid Russia \$7,200,000 and most people were inclined to think it was a bad bargain. However, the negotiations had been pending for many years and Sumner explained: "I am not able to say when the idea of this session first took shape. I have heard that it was as long as the administration of Mr. Polk. It is within my knowledge that the Russian government was first sounded on the subject during the administration of Mr. Buchanan." It was during that administration that the United States offered Russia \$5,000,000. This amount was not satisfactory. The treaty with Russia was exchanged on June 20, 1867, and \$200,000 to the seven million dollars purchase price was voted to wipe out ceasless grants for monopolies of ice and fur.

There was a hot debate in Congress and much feeling, and Sumner, in urging the necessity for acquiring Alaska, presented a forcible comparison of facts. Russia was our ancient friend; Great Britain our ancient foe. These were the two important elements that caused the transfer of Alaska. In the debate it was made known that there had been evidences of silver found at Sitka, and that lead and copper were thought to exist. Considerable attention was paid to the fur and fishing industries, but there were no intimations that the lawmakers even knew of the existence of the great herds of seal. Sumner was quite sure that there was coal in Alaska, and he declared concerning this rumor that "gold is less important than coal."

In any event, no one in all the world would have dreamed that the time would come when \$20,000,000 worth of gold would be brought out of Alaska within a year. Although the country has been in an undeveloped state, shipments of domestic merchandise from the United States to Alaska for the year ending June 30, 1912, amounted to \$18,809,270. We have turned the key in the lock, and for years have kept a deaf ear towards the protestations of the people of Alaska. But that is not at all strange, because the time has come when Hawaii with her troubles over sugar tariffs has failed to awaken any degree of responsibility in the United States. Porto Rico, almost at our door, and the Philippines, are receiving very slight consideration at the hands of the federal government, while many do not even know of the existence of Guam and Tutuila. For many years we have promised these people a great deal and delivered very little, and it will, no doubt, be somewhat of a relief from like responsibility when the Philippines show that they can beat manage themselves. In particular reference to Alaska, it can be said that we have done little more than maintain order for the country by keeping a few strong armed Americans on the job.

The government of the United States proposed to "open up" Alaska, and Secretary of the Interior Lane early advocated "the need of centralized responsibility and accountability." He said: "Experience has demonstrated that efficient administration is best secured by centralized responsibility and authority in the hands of a small number of men, who can be held to strict accountability for the results of their actions." This is exactly what the United States finally did at Panama. When private energy was brought to the support of the government and the "responsibility of authority" was

(Continued on page 7.)

GOULD'S ACADEMY

Elmer Bean is absent this week.

Mr. Packard was a guest at Holden Hall, Tuesday.

Dorothy Hutchins and Alice Brown were absent, Tuesday.

We are all glad to welcome Roy and Ray Cummings back to school.

One of the large elm trees on the campus was blown down this week.

The Y. W. C. A. girls entertained friends at a party given at Holden Hall last Friday evening.

About the usual number spent their week end at Holden Hall, including Miss Whitman, who has previously spent Saturday and Sunday at her home in West Paris.

Last Thursday evening the Seniors gave their annual social and reception to the new teachers and students. It was well attended and everyone entered into the spirit of the evening.

Three meetings of the undergraduate association have been held and the following officers chosen:

President—James Hayford.
Vice President—Harry Young.
Secretary—Miss Pratt.
Treasurer—Harold Chapman.
Auditor—Mr. Hanson.

GRANGE NOTES.

LONE MT. GRANGE.

Lone Mt. Grange met Saturday, Sept. 18. The following program was presented:

Song, "My Old Kentucky Home," Grange.

What was my most profitable crop this year? W. W. Perkins, E. M. Bailey and others.

What vegetables and small fruits have I raised with success this year for my table? Mrs. Dollie Elliott.

What is the cost of keeping a cow? O. A. Burgess.

Song, W. W. Perkins.

Reading, Evelyn Stevens.

Address, Rev. Geo. Graham.

Song, Grange.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Many are attending the Andover Fair this week.

Mr. Dellison Courcy has returned to his duties in Bosserman's drug store.

The Alumni Social Club will meet with Mrs. J. G. Gehring, Thursday evening, Sept. 30.

Rally Day will be observed by the Y. P. C. U. at the Universalist Church next Sunday evening. All members and others are urged to be present and make the meeting interesting and profitable.

The Universalist Sunday School Contest Social will be given at the Universalist Chapel, Saturday evening next, at 7:30 o'clock. All members and all who have attended the Universalist Sunday School are cordially invited to attend. Refreshments will be served and a special effort made to make the evening one of enjoyment to all.

New goods at L. M. STEARNS' Adv.

New Line of Kabo Corsets at Lyon's.

WEDDING ANNOUNCEMENT

A PLEASING SURPRISE.

Announcement has just been made of the marriage of Mr. Lowellyn W. Jordan of Hending, Mass., and Miss Ethel W., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Moorshead of Bethel. The secret was quite carefully guarded except from relatives and friends, and the news came as a most pleasing surprise to the majority of the large number of friends of this most popular young couple.

They were wedded at 5 P. M., August 25, at the Christian Union parsonage by Rev. M. Franklin Ham. For the immediate present until the furnishing of their new home in the rear of 30 Main street is completed, they are making their residence with the parents of the groom, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Jordan, 51 Main street.

Mr. Jordan, the happy bridegroom, is foreman at the plant of the New England Mfg. Co., at North Woburn. He is well known among the younger set and deservedly popular. His bride is one of the most pleasing of Bethel's young ladies, and is being heartily welcomed in Hending social circles. Congratulations are being extended them by Bethel friends.

CANTON FAIR

Good Crowd and Excellent Display

The Androscoggin Valley Agricultural Society opened its gates Tuesday for the 27th annual exhibition, but owing to the rain storm which increased during the day the fair was postponed and Wednesday was the initial day. In spite of the cold and the high wind there was an excellent attendance. Thursday, however, was the banner day, when the grounds fairly swarmed with people. As usual the exhibition was a big one and the races, ball games, balloon ascensions by the Bonnetto brothers of Vermont, the vaudeville performances, etc., were all carried out as scheduled and with the side shows, fairs, merry-go-round, etc., there was entertainment for all, old and young.

There was unusually large exhibitions of neat stock and among the exhibitors who won premiums were: G. H. Virgin, Moses Young, C. E. Richardson, E. E. Caldwell & Son, Markham Bros., C. W. Walker, E. E. Walte, Blaise Bros., H. F. Varney, Ralph Campbell, E. A. Davenport, Corey Bonney, H. M. Sampson, C. H. Young, A. R. Morrill, C. R. Wilson, F. B. Sargent, S. I. Crockett, R. B. Robbins, Carroll Russell, Levi Hackett.

Premiums on horses were awarded to Lappan Stock Farm, O. E. Turner, W. Record, Chas. H. Buck, Mrs. H. L. Bruce, H. L. Ames, A. C. Hiscok, E. E. Caldwell & Son, Asa Campbell & Son, N. P. Record and Alfred Hodges. E. A. Drinkwater of Sabattus carried off nearly all of the prizes on poultry exhibiting about twenty different kinds. Others were: A. R. Morrill, Dwight Parsons, Fred Lowell, W. F. Mitchell, Leon Berry and Mrs. C. E. Richardson.

Fine sheep and lambs exhibited by F. C. Bartlett, F. R. Sargent and Flora B. Park carried off prizes.

The best exhibit of field crop and vegetables, also best assortment of garden vegetables were by E. E. Caldwell, with T. B. W. Stetson, 2nd. Best collection vegetables by boy under 18, Clyde Campbell. Others who took premiums were: F. C. Bartlett, E. C. Briggs and Chas. H. Berry. The largest and best display of fruit was by W. F. Mitchell, Jr., Edward Park, E. L. Briggs and E. E. Caldwell also had good exhibits.

The hall was well filled with a fine display in the arts and crafts department. Canton Grange and Rockmeke Grange occupied large spaces and the first prize was won by Canton Grange. An unusually large display of antique collections were noticeable, both Granges having an exhibit, while others were by Mrs. Anna Carter and Mrs. C. O. Howe. An interesting collection of Indian curios were by Mrs. C. E. Richardson. A valuable collection of grasses were exhibited by Canton Grange, which was a gift of Prof. J. C. Parlin, who collected them in Canton and pressed and mounted them on cardboard.

Among the prominent exhibitors who won prizes in the needlework department were: Elsie Prescott, Winnifred F. Roberts, Agnes Heald, Mrs. Helga Mulligan, Lida Allen, Mrs. Leona Ridlon, Mrs. Oscar Hardy, Mrs. Fred Palmer, Ella Walker, Mrs. Elvira I. Washburn, Marguerite and Katherine Hollis, Mrs. V. M. Perkins, Mrs. H. B. Robinson, Mrs. Ray Linell and many others. Premiums for knit goods were won by Miss Ellen Parsons, Mrs. Sabra Robinson, Mrs. H. B. Robinson and Mrs. E. E. Caldwell. Among those exhibiting rugs were: Mrs. Ella Parington, Mrs. F. Richardson, Mrs. C. M. Richardson, Mrs. Sadie Parsons and Mrs. A. W. Ellis. Quilts by Rockmeke Grange, Mrs. Sabra Robinson, Mrs. Sadie Parsons, Mrs. M. J. C. Perry and Mrs. Emery Parsons and others.

Fine exhibits were made by the primary, grammar and intermediate schools of Canton. A good display was made in the children's department and also in the miscellaneous department. Miss Ellen Parsons, Mrs. J. F. Tyler and Mrs. E. E. Caldwell displayed cheese and Markham Bros. and Mrs. Louise Caldwell, butter, that took prizes.

The best collection of canned goods was by Mrs. Arthur Packard, and of flowers by Mrs. C. T. Bonney. Others who took premiums on flowers were: Mrs. Elvira Washburn, Miss Katherine Hollis and Mrs. E. E. Caldwell.

LOST.

An automobile number plate, No. 1579, N. H., between Bethel and Berlin. Finder please leave at Citizen Office, Bethel, Maine. 9-20-15.

WANT COLUMN.

Put your Want and Sale notices here and they will be read in 3,000 Oxford County homes—4 lines, 1 week, 25c, 3 weeks 50c.

FURNISHED ROOMS, AUTO AND TEAM CONVEYANCE.

C. C. BRYANT,
2 Mechanic St., Bethel, Maine.
Telephone Connection.

FOR SALE.

My house and stable on Mechanic street. Good place for summer home, nice shade trees and piazza. Near station. For particulars inquire of MARTHA E. BARTLETT, Bethel, Maine. 4-1-15.

AUTOS TO LET.

4-passenger Buick, 20c per mile.
4-passenger Ford, 15c per mile.
Also by the day or hour. No parties too large.

KING'S LIVERY STABLE,
Bethel, Maine.

NOTICE.

A grand concert and ball will be held in the Grange Hall, Thursday evening, Oct. 7. Dupill's orchestra of Berlin, consisting of 5 pieces, will furnish music. Admission 75c per couple. 9-20-15.

FOR SALE—Two coal stoves, both in good repair. Inquire of L. A. HALL, Bethel, Me. 9-20-15.

FOR SALE—Few tons of loose hay. Inquire of MRS. ELLEN P. KIMBALL, 9-20-15. R. F. D. 1, Bethel, Me.

NOTICE

I wish to announce to the people of Bethel and surrounding towns that I am now ready to repair shoes and to do all other cobbler's work in the Tibbitts shop across Main Street from the N. F. Brown hardware store.

I solicit your patronage, and shall be pleased to welcome all of Mr. Tibbitts' former customers as well as many new ones.

I shall use the best quality of repairing materials, and shall keep on hand the best line of rubber heels, also all kinds of shoe polishes, cleaners, and shoe findings.

Come in and let me prove to you that my workmanship is excellent, my prices right and repairs promptly done.

A. B. BURTON.

LOST—Watch chain, emblem of Phi Beta Kappa order, with name Stephen G. Rich on back. One dollar reward; return to Citizen office.

NOTICE.

I am now prepared to handle horses and colts and attend to horse dentistry. L. A. HALL, Bethel, Me. 9-20-15.

RIFLES FOR SALE.

Slightly used 401 and 32 Winchester, auto-loading, 35 Remington, 32-40 Winchester, 30-30 Carbine Winchester.

LYON, The Jeweler,
9-23-15. Bethel, Maine.

A Dollar Saved Is a Dollar Earned

The old adage holds good in relation to repairs on shoes as by spending a dollar on shoes that are practically worthless and making them worth two dollars is money saved.

Our continued great success in shoe repairing is mostly due to the good class of work we turn out. Bring in your shoes.

ELMER H. YOUNG.

NOTICE OF LOST BANK BOOK.

Notice is hereby given that the Bethel Savings Bank has been notified that book of deposit issued by said bank to Addie B. Vandenkerekeven and numbered 1635, has been destroyed or lost, and that she desires to have a new book of deposit issued to her.

BETHEL SAVINGS BANK,
By A. E. Herrick, Treasurer,
Bethel, Maine, Sept. 20, 1915.
9-23-15.

TAKE THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN FOR ALL THE HOME NEWS 9-20-15.

Jack Frost

Is creeping in. Why not get ahead of him this year, have a good supply of blankets and not let him catch you without them. We are showing an excellent line of soft fluffy blankets, the kind that please on a cold frosty night.

BLANKETS in white and grey with fancy border, double, very soft, 65c, 80c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50.

BLANKETS, fancy checks, in blue, pink, grey and tan, has wool finish, 64x72. A splendid blanket, only \$1.50.

BLANKETS in grey, tan and white with fancy stripe, 72x78, correct finish, feel like wool. A very desirable blanket for \$1.95.

BLANKETS with a wool finish, soft and fluffy, large sizes in white, tan and grey with fancy borders. \$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$2.95, \$3.50, \$3.95, \$4.50, \$5.00 and \$6.00.

Bed Comforters or Quilts

Covered with silkline, with a good filling, well tacked, very pretty covering. \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00

COUCH TROWS in a large variety of choice patterns. These throws are very popular, special values, only \$1.30

THICK BLANKETS in bright coloring, Indian design, has wool finish, soft as rabbit skin, only 50c

The New Fall Suits

A VARIETY OF EXCLUSIVE MODELS.

You'll like the new suits, very smart models are now to be seen here in a variety so pleasing that we know we can suit you. The materials used include Poplin, Gabardine, Whiteford, and Bedford Cord. Suits \$12.50, \$15.00, \$16.50, \$18.00, \$20.00, \$21.50, \$25.00.

SMART STYLES IN COATS

The showing assemble this season is of the same high character of excellence that has graced this department in former seasons. It is an assortment from which you will find it easy to choose, because the variety is so great and values are so unusually good.

Coats, \$7.50, \$10.00, \$12.50, \$13.50, \$15.00, \$20.00.

Norway, *Thomas Smiley* Maine

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

For Picnics

Automobile Parties or in The Home

We have on hand a considerable quantity of Genuine Vegetable Parchment, in sheets, size 7x9, which we offer for sale at 15 cents per pound.

There is no better paper made for wrapping food.

For wrapping sandwiches, pieces of bread and cake, stuffed eggs, or any of the dainty things you will put up for your auto trip or picnic, this is just the thing.

It is grease and water proof. The wetter it gets the stronger it is.

Keep a supply on hand. It is cheap and perfectly sanitary. Nothing better.

The Citizen Office

WE PRINT BUTTER PAPER

Regulation size with name and address of maker and net weight, in accordance with Federal Law, for

\$2.50 per 1000 Sheets

By Parcel Post 15 Cents additional

We Furnish the Paper.

The Citizen Office

The Shaw Business College

NO PAYMENT IN ADVANCE. We have the policy of this institution for thirty years. We recognize the student's right to be educated. We will not let a student pay for a course until he has completed it. We will not let a student pay for a course until he has completed it. We will not let a student pay for a course until he has completed it.

BETHEL AND VICINITY.

Miss Mae Wiley is visiting relatives in town.

Miss Lucy Fox spent the week end in Portland.

Mrs. E. E. Whitney spent Sunday with her sister at Lancaster.

Mr. Percy Farnham of Lovell was visiting friends in town last week.

Miss Maud Russell of Hanover visited friends in town a few days last week.

Mrs. George P. Locke of Norway is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Richardson.

Mr. W. E. Roserman was confined to the house several days last week with a severe cold.

The Ladies' Club will meet with Mrs. W. C. Curtis, Thursday afternoon at three o'clock.

Mrs. Sidney Howe, who has been spending the summer at The Glen House, has returned home.

Mr. J. S. Rich and family have closed their cottage at Songo Pond and returned to New York.

The severe wind storm of Sunday night did much damage to trees, telephone and light wires.

Mr. Merrick Tibbets of Keene, N. H., was a guest of his brother, Dr. H. R. Tibbets, one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Everett Smith are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter born Tuesday, September 23.

Mr. and Mrs. Corrie Elder and Mr. and Mrs. Hill of Woodford, Me., were guests of Mrs. W. H. Young, Wednesday.

Mrs. Plimney, who has been visiting her brother, Mr. J. W. Martin, returned to her home in Haverhill, Mass., Tuesday.

Mrs. S. E. Coffin and two sons, Clarence and Leland, of No. Paris were week end guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Martin.

Mr. H. C. Rowe and family, who have been spending the summer at their camp near Locke's Mills, returned home, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira G. Jordan and Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Thurston started for Washington, D. C., last Saturday to attend the National Encampment of the G. A. R.

Mr. and Mrs. Wright Gillies, Jr., of New York and Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Durban of Biddeford were guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Edwards one day last week.

The Masons will make their annual trip to Magalloway this fall, being there for work on Tuesday evening, Oct. 5. Outdoor sports have been arranged for Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. E. H. Young has been exhibiting a fine specimen of a gravenstein apple which he received from his brother-in-law, Mr. L. B. Hopkins, in Oregon. The apple weighed 1 1/4 pounds.

The ladies of the Universalist Circle are to hold a series of socials at Grange Hall, the first of which will be next Tuesday evening, Oct. 5. Dancing and games. A good time is promised for both young and old. Admission 15c.

The house on Paradise occupied by Mr. and Mrs. William Lowe caught fire last Wednesday night. Mr. and Mrs. Lowe were not at home but neighbors passing by saw the flames and gave the alarm. The fire was confined to the kitchen but considerable damage was done by smoke and water. Mr. and Mrs. Lowe will move into the rent formerly occupied by Mr. Hollis Coolidge.

Millinery display Sept. 29, 30. L. M. STEARNS.

Paint or Not

Is a horse worth more or less after feed?

Hay and oats are high today; shall I wait today and feed him tomorrow?

That's how men do about painting their houses and barns and fences. Paint has been high for several years; and so they have waited. Some are still waiting.

Their property drops a trifle a year and the next job of paint creeps up creeps up; it'll take more paint by a gallon a year; they don't save a cent, and the property goes on suffering.

DEVON

H. B. Pashard tells it.

Mrs. I. H. Wight was in Berlin, Saturday.

Mrs. Adelaide Wentworth has been delivering lectures in Bethel.

Marjory Allen spent the week end at Chas. Ames' at East Bethel.

Mr. H. C. Barker of Togus, Me., was calling on friends in town last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Levi Bartlett are visiting relatives in Lewiston and vicinity.

Mrs. Carrie Arno was called to Milan, Saturday, by the illness of her mother.

Mrs. Charles H. Hersey of Keene, N. H., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Emily J. Philbrook.

Mrs. C. L. Davis and Mrs. Ada Merrill were in Lewiston and Portland one day last week.

The W. C. T. U. will meet with Mrs. A. M. Clark, Tuesday, Oct. 6, at three o'clock P. M.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Rayford have leased Mr. E. A. Smith's boarding house on Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Valentine were week end guests of relatives in South Paris and West Paris.

Mr. B. W. Kimball came home from Readfield, Monday. They had a short run of corn this year.

Mr. Philip Wight is enjoying a two weeks' vacation from his duties in Mr. H. B. Pashard's drug store.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Vandenkerekhoven and Mr. and Mrs. Edward King motored to Boston last week.

The Eastern Star will hold a rehearsal this Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. All officers are requested to be present.

Mrs. Ada Merrill, who has been a guest of her son, Mr. Clifford Merrill, returned to her home in Andover, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fitzmaurice Vail and little son of Portland arrived Saturday for a visit with relatives. Mr. Vail returned Monday.

The Universalist Ladies' Circle will have a sale of home cooked food at Miss L. M. Stearns' store, Friday afternoon, Oct. 1, at three o'clock.

Mr. Fred Tibbets has resumed his duties in the Bethel National Bank after spending a two weeks' vacation with his parents in Palermo.

Mrs. Sarah Russell, who has been spending the month of September with her daughter, Mrs. H. C. Rowe, in camp at Locke's Mills, returned home, Saturday.

Mrs. Spaulding of Lancaster, N. H., has been visiting her sister, Mrs. E. E. Whitney. They were both called to Concord, N. H., last Thursday by the death of their aunt.

Rev. J. H. Little was called to South Paris this week to attend the funeral of Ingalls P. Evans, a veteran of the Civil War, and member of Wm. K. Kimball Post, G. A. R., of So. Paris.

Next Sunday morning the Reverend D. B. Holt of Auburn will occupy the Methodist pulpit in Bethel. This is the first opportunity the people of the community have had to hear this leader of the Maine Conference in the regular services of the church. There will also be a service on Saturday evening to which all are invited.

Last Friday evening a company of young people from the Bethel Methodist Church celebrated their second annual corn roast at the farm of John Anderson. Various games were played in the light of the great fire until the coals were ready, and then the roasting ears had their turn. Cake and coffee were served. All report a delightful evening.

Don't forget the Opening Display at L. M. STEARNS'.

FACTS FOR SUFFERERS

Pain results from injury or congestion. Be it neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, neuritis, toothache, sprain, bruise, sore stiff muscles or whatever pain you have yields to Sloan's Liniment—brings new fresh blood, dissolves the congestion, relieves the injury, the circulation is free and your pain leaves as if by magic. The nature of its qualities penetrate immediately to the sore spot. Don't keep on suffering. Get a bottle of Sloan's Liniment. It's it. It means instant relief. Price 25c and 50c. \$1.00 bottle holds six times as much as the 25c size.

MY ENTIRE STOCK of goods has been purchased by Mr. Edward P. Lyon who will continue the business. I earnestly thank my former customers for their patronage and ask that they will give to Mr. Lyon the same support in the future that I have enjoyed in the past twenty years while a merchant in Bethel.

All those having watches or other articles left with me for repairs are requested to call for them before Oct. 1st.

All who are owing me are requested to call and settle before Oct. 1st as I expect to leave town and shall be obliged to leave all unpaid bills with my lawyer for collection.

EDWARD KING,
BETHEL, MAINE

Park & Pollard's Feed
Corn, Oats, Bran, Cotton Seed,
Gluten, Union Grains
& Hominy Feed
Peerless & Diamond Flour
J. B. HAM CO., Bethel, Maine.

OPENING
Wednesday and Thursday
SEPT. 29th and 30th

Everything New in Millinery,
Neckwear, Belts, Stamped Goods, Etc.

L. M. STEARNS

GRAIN AND FEED

Lily White Flour

The kind the best cooks use.

GRASS SEED

WOODBURY & PURINGTON,
BETHEL, MAINE.

LOOKER'S MILLS.

Mrs. W. B. Rand is receiving a visit from her brother, Scott Howe and wife, of Danvers, Col.

Eva Fiske visited with friends in West Bethel, Thursday.

Mrs. C. B. Tibbets and children have returned from a visit with her parents at Durham. Mrs. Frank Engelman returned with her.

John Swan and son, Merle, of Bethel are working for George Tirrell, doing carpenter work.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Coolidge are entertaining company from away.

Mrs. C. B. Tibbets and children have returned from a visit with her parents at Durham. Mrs. Frank Engelman returned with her.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Noyes of Bryant's Pond visited Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Gerry.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Howe of Han-

over were week end guests of his sister, Mrs. W. B. Rand.

Rev. D. B. Holt of Auburn will be the speaker at the Union Church at Locke's Mills next Sunday afternoon at 2:15. He is the new District Superintendent of the Methodist Church, and is making his first visit to Locke's Mills. He is well worth hearing and it is hoped that there will be a large attendance.

New goods at L. M. STEARNS'.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. F. Fitch

GASOLINE

Just Received A Carload of
"That Good Gulf Gasoline"

which I am selling at a price
that will please you.

SPECIAL PRICE BY THE DRUM.

More mileage, more power, less carbon
from "That Good Gulf Gasoline."

Don't Pay the High Price.

Go to Carver's

THE HOME CIRCLE

Pleasant Reveries—A Color
Dedicated to Tired Mothers
as they Join the Home
Circle at Evening Tide.

RECIPES FOR TOMATOES

HOWHOW.

Chop up 2 quarts of green tomatoes, 1 small head of cabbage, 6 only quart of string beans. Mix well in a glass jar or enameled dish with salt. Continue to fill all the vegetables are used up. Put in the last layer well with salt. Let stand over-night and drain. Separate vessel put 1 gallon of vinegar, 1 level tablespoonful of celery salt, 1 level tablespoonful of mustard, 1 level tablespoonful of allspice, 1 level spoonful of black pepper, 1 level spoonful of cloves, 1 cup of salt. Boiling, add the chopped vegetables and cook until tender. Put into jars and seal while hot.

TOMATO RELISH.

Seal and skin 15 ripe tomatoes, core, and cut into small pieces. Chop all of these very finely in a food-chopper if you have one. Put into a large saucepan with 2 level spoonfuls of salt, 3 green peppers, or 1 level teaspoonful of black pepper, 1 level teaspoonful of cayenne pepper, 1 level teaspoonful of vinegar. Bring to a boil, then simmer 1-2 hours. Remove vessel from the stove, put the relish in jars or bottles, and seal while hot. This is mild and delicious when served with meats, oysters, or vegetable.

CHOPPED PICKLES.

Recipe No. 1.

Chop up 1 gallon of green tomatoes, 2 gallons of cabbage, and 12 medium onions. If any juice run off the tomatoes, pour it off. Mix together and add enough vinegar to make about 1 quart of juice. The 1-2 pounds of sugar, 1-2 pounds of white mustard seed, 8 level tablespoonfuls of salt, 2 level tablespoonfuls of celery seed, 2 level tablespoonfuls of black pepper, 1-2 ounces of turpentine oil. Put all in an enameled kettle and boil for about 20 minutes. Put in jars and seal while hot.

Recipe No. 2.

Chop up 1 gallon of green tomatoes, 2 gallons of cabbage, and 12 medium onions. If any juice run off the tomatoes, pour it off. Mix together and add enough vinegar to make about 1 quart of juice. The 1-2 pounds of sugar, 1-2 pounds of white mustard seed, 8 level tablespoonfuls of salt, 2 level tablespoonfuls of celery seed, 2 level tablespoonfuls of black pepper, 1-2 ounces of turpentine oil. Put all in an enameled kettle and boil for about 20 minutes. Put in jars and seal while hot.

GREEN-TOMATO PICKLES.

Recipe No. 1.

Prepare 4 quarts of green tomatoes.

WAS MISERABLE COULDN'T STAND

Testifies She Was Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Lackawanna, N. Y.—"After my child was born I felt very miserable and could not stand my feet. My in-law wished try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and nerves became appetite good, elastic, and I felt that weak feeling. That six years ago have had three healthy children since. For females I always take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it works a charm. I do all my own work."

A. F. KREAMER, 1674 Electric Ave., Lackawanna, N. Y.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from herbs, is unparalleled. It is used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, irregular menstruation, backache, bearing down, dizziness, indigestion, diarrhoea, nervous prostration. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best remedy for female ills.

Women who suffer from these troubles are peculiar to their sex. I am convinced of the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health by the many and truthful testimonials we are constantly publishing in the newspapers.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., 255 Central Bldg., Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Go to Carver's

THE HOME CIRCLE.

Pleasant Reveries—A Column
Dedicated to Tired Mothers
as they Join the Home
Circle at Evening Tide.

RECIPES FOR TOMATOES.

CHOWCHOW.

Chop up 2 quarts of green tomatoes, 12 small cucumbers, 4 green peppers, 1 small head of cabbage, 5 onions, 1 quart of string beans. Mix well and put in a stone jar or enameled pan. Put in a layer of vegetables and sprinkle well with salt. Continue this until all the vegetables are used up, covering the last layer with salt. Let stand over night and drain. In a separate vessel put 1 gallon of vinegar, 1 level tablespoonful of celery seed, 1 level tablespoonful of mustard, 1 level tablespoonful of allspice, 1 level tablespoonful of black pepper, 1 level tablespoonful of cloves, 1 cup of salt. Heat to boiling, add the chopped vegetables, and cook until tender. Put into jars and seal while hot.

TOMATO RELISH.

Scald and skin 15 ripe tomatoes. Pare, core, and cut into small pieces 4 sour apples. Peel 5 medium-sized onions. Chop all of these very fine, using a food-chopper if you have one. Put into a large saucepan with 2 level tablespoonfuls of salt, 3 green peppers, 1 level teaspoonful of black pepper, 1 level teaspoonful of cayenne pepper, 1 level pint of vinegar. Bring to a boil and boil slowly 1-2 hours. Remove the vessel from the stove, put the relish into jars or bottles, and seal while hot. This is mild and delicious when served with meats, oysters, or vegetables.

CHOPPED PICKLES.

Recipe No. 1.

Chop up 1 gallon of green tomatoes, 1 gallon of cabbage, 1-2 gallon of onions, 24 large green peppers, 12 large red peppers. Put all together in a vessel, cover with water, add about 1 pint of salt, and let stand over night. In the morning put all in a bag and drain 24 hours. After draining add 1 pint of white mustard seed. In a separate vessel boil 1 gallon of vinegar with 1 3-4 pounds of brown sugar. When boiling hot, pour over the chopped vegetables. Put all on the stove together and cook about 15 minutes. Put in jars and seal while hot.

Recipe No. 2.

Chop up 1 gallon of green tomatoes, 2 gallons of cabbage, and 12 medium-sized onions. If any juice runs out of the tomatoes, pour it off. Mix these together and add enough vinegar to make about 1 quart of juice. Then add 1 3-4 pounds of sugar, 1-2 pound of white mustard seed, 8 level tablespoonfuls of salt, 2 level tablespoonfuls of celery seed, 2 level tablespoonfuls of black pepper, 1-2 ounces of turmeric. Put all in an enameled kettle and suspend in it a bag containing 2 level tablespoonfuls of whole cloves and 2 level tablespoonfuls of whole allspice. Boil for about 20 minutes. Put into jars and seal while hot.

GREEN-TOMATO PICKLE.

Recipe No. 1.

Prepare 4 quarts of green tomatoes,

Do These Long Evenings

Make you think that you would like to have

some music to while away the hours?

Why not get a Victrola and satisfy that longing?

A small payment down, the balance in easy payments.

Lyon, the Jeweler

Cole Block,

Bethel, Maine

4 small onions, and 4 green peppers. Chop fine, put into enameled pan, sprinkle well with salt, and let stand over night. In the morning drain off the brine from the vegetables. In a separate vessel put 1 quart of vinegar, 1 level tablespoonful of black pepper, 1 level tablespoonful of mustard seed, 1 level tablespoonful of celery seed, 1 level tablespoonful of allspice, 1 level tablespoonful of cinnamon, 3-4 cup of salt. Bring to a boil and add vegetables. Cook 20 minutes after the pickle begins to boil. Fill jars and seal while hot.

Recipe No. 2.

Wash and slice without peeling 1 peck of green tomatoes. Put these into a wide-mouthed jar in layers, sprinkling each layer well with salt. Let stand over night. In the morning drain off all the liquid. Prepare some spiced vinegar by taking 1 quart of vinegar, putting it into a saucepan, and suspending in it a bag containing 1 level tablespoonful of whole cloves, 1 level tablespoonful of whole allspice, and 1 level tablespoonful of stick cinnamon. Bring to a boil and boil one-half hour. Chop up 24 medium-sized onions and 6 red bullheads peppers. In a larger porcelain kettle place a layer of the sliced tomatoes; then a layer of onions. Sprinkle with black pepper and add some of the chopped red peppers. Pour over this some of the spiced vinegar and continue this until all the material is used up. Press the mixture down and cover with vinegar. Cook until tender but not too soft. Empty into a jar and cover well. This will not spoil if kept in a cool place. A cup of brown sugar added to this will make a sweet tomato pickle.

TOMATO SWEET PICKLE.

Take 1 peck of green tomatoes and 6 large onions. Slice, sprinkle 1 cup of salt over them, and let stand over night. In the morning drain, add 2 quarts of water and 1 quart of vinegar, boil 15 minutes, then drain again and throw away this vinegar and water. Add to the tomatoes and onions 2 pounds of sugar, 2 quarts of vinegar, 2 level tablespoonfuls of cloves, 2 level tablespoonfuls of allspice, 2 level tablespoonfuls of ginger, 2 level tablespoonfuls of mustard, 2 level tablespoonfuls of cinnamon, 1 teaspoonful of cayenne. Boil for 15 minutes. The allspice and cloves should be tied up in a piece of thin cloth, which should be removed when through cooking. It is best to transfer all pickles, preserves, etc., to jars and seal while hot. However, this pickle will keep without being sealed.

PICKLEZILL.

Recipe No. 1.

Chop up 1 peck of green tomatoes and 8 large onions. Add 1 cup of salt, mix well, and let stand over night. In the morning drain thoroughly and add 2 quarts of water and 1 quart of vinegar. Boil for 20 minutes and drain through a sieve. Put the vegetables back into the enameled kettle and add 2 quarts of vinegar, 1 pound of sugar, 1-2 pound of white mustard seed, 2 level tablespoonfuls of ground black pepper, 2 level tablespoonfuls of ground cinnamon, 1 level tablespoonful of ground ginger, 1 level tablespoonful of whole allspice, 1 level tablespoonful of whole cloves, 1-2 teaspoonful of ground cayenne pepper. Boil all together for 15 minutes or until the vegetables are tender, stirring often to prevent scorching. Put into jars and seal while hot.

Recipe No. 2.

Slice up 1 peck of green tomatoes and 2 quarts of onions. Place the tomatoes and onions in a colander in alternate layers and sprinkle each layer with salt. Let these drain all night. In the morning put into an enameled kettle with 4 level tablespoonfuls of whole allspice, 4 level tablespoonfuls of whole cloves, 4 level tablespoonfuls of cinnamon bark, 5 red bullheads peppers, 2 cups of sugar. Press down into the kettle and add enough vinegar to cover. Cook until tender. Put into jars and seal while hot.

PRESERVED TOMATOES.

Use either the yellow or red, pear or cherry varieties. Other kinds may be used, but these grow abundantly and make a much more attractive preserve. Take the ripe tomatoes and immerse

them, a few at a time, in boiling water for a few minutes only. Remove the skins carefully so as not to break the tomatoes. Weigh them and put into a preserving kettle with as many pounds of granulated sugar as you have of tomatoes. Prepare green ginger root by carefully scraping off all the skin and placing it into small bits. Add 1 level teaspoonful of these ginger shavings for each 2 pounds of tomatoes. Let the contents of the kettle come to a boil and boil for 10 minutes. Remove the tomatoes from the sirup and spread them upon a flat dish to cool. This will keep them from coming to pieces. When cool return them to the boiling sirup and boil gently until they are the desired thickness. Put into jars while hot, adding a slice of lemon to each jar before sealing.

TOMATO MINCEMEAT.

Slice up a quantity of green tomatoes and sprinkle well with salt. Put into a bag and hang up to drip all night. The salt which is left on the tomatoes will not need washing off. In the morning take equal weights of sugar and tomatoes and cook until the tomatoes are thoroughly done. To 7 pounds of the mixture of tomatoes and sugar add 3 pounds of seedless raisins, with mace and cinnamon to suit the taste. Cook a short time after adding the seasoning and put into jars. This will keep without being sealed and will make delicious pies, which many consider as good as those from ordinary mincemeat.

EAST BETHEL.

Mrs. Wing and daughter of Roxbury, Mass., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Martin.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Goodridge of Gorham, N. H., were last week guests of Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Farwell and family.

Mrs. Louise Armitage of Lawrence, Mass., was a recent guest of her aunt, Mrs. Rita Bean.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Rayford have leased the Ervin Smith boarding house at Bethel and will close their farm home here.

Mr. Harding of Andover has moved to his farm here, recently purchased. Miss Grace Farwell is this week's guest of her uncle, Mr. Porter Farwell and family.

Guy Bartlett has had a silo added to his barn buildings.

Many silos have been filled the past week.

G. H. Swan and H. O. Blake have a reaper, which cuts and binds ensilage corn in the field.

Millinery display Sept. 29, 30, 1. M. STEARNS' Adv.

WEST BETHEL.

A party of five from Poland Spring called at W. D. Mills' Sunday morning on their way to the mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. Wakefield from Montana are visiting Mrs. Malene Morgan.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Westleigh have moved into their new home, having finished their work for T. W. Yawshaw.

Mrs. Sadie Yawshaw, Frank and Elroy started for the woods Monday, where Mr. Yawshaw has a logging job.

E. H. Seibner was quite ill, Monday. The Grange Fair held at West Bethel, Sept. 28, was a decided success, financially and otherwise.

A number from this place attended the auction at North Bethel, Saturday. Don't forget the Opening Display at L. M. STEARNS' Adv.

EVERY HOME NEEDS A FAITHFUL COUGH AND COLD REMEDY

When seasons change and colds appear—when you first detect a cold after sitting next to one who has sneezed, then it is that a tried and tested remedy should be faithfully used. "I never wrote a testimonial before, but I know positively that for myself and family, Dr. King's New Discovery is the best cough remedy we ever used and we have tried them all." 50c and \$1.00. Adv.

If a woman continually accuses her husband of being bad the chances are that he will make good.

CANTON

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur E. Forbes of South Paris have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Gilbert of Canton.

Miss Francella Stetson of Auburn has been a guest of her brother, L. C. Stetson and family, of Hartford.

Fred E. Russell of Lynn, Mass., has been visiting his aunt, Mrs. Chas. F. Oldham and family.

Ernest Glover and wife of Portland have been guests of relatives and friends in town.

Carl Howes has been ill with tonsillitis.

Mrs. Leora Berry has been entertaining her mother, Mrs. C. W. Thompson, and grandfather, Philander Kidder, of Auburn.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. A. Hollis of Lisbon Falls have been guests of his father, Edwin K. Hollis and family.

E. W. Allen has been visiting his former home in town and attending the fair.

Mrs. Payson Smith and son, Norman, of Augusta have been guests of her parents, Hon. and Mrs. J. P. Swasey and family.

Miss Montez York, who submitted to a surgical operation for appendicitis at the St. Mary's Hospital at Lewiston last week, is doing well.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Douglas and Mr. and Mrs. Leon Roberts of Randolph have been guests of relatives in town.

Miss Mabel Blanchard of Portland has been a guest of friends at her former home in Canton.

Mrs. Addie Keene of Sumner, has been a guest of Miss Agnes Heald.

Mrs. Chas. L. Snow has returned to her home in Hopkinton, N. H.

Mrs. Eunice Brennan of Auburn has been a guest of her grandparents, A. W. Ellis and wife.

Rev. and Mrs. Herbert Tilden of Hebron have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Jones and family.

A large crowd attended the dances given at the Opera House, Wednesday and Thursday nights. Fine music was furnished by the Esplanade Orchestra, and ice cream was served.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Caldwell of Leeds have been guests of friends in town, and attended the fair.

Dr. and Mrs. Charles Packard of Lawrence, Mass., have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Ludden and family.

Gustavus Hayford has been in town the past week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Marco Lavorgna last week which lived but a few days.

Frank W. Dodge enjoyed a delicious treat for the time of year, last week, when he received from Glyn Kilbreth of South Livermore a nice dish of strawberries picked from the garden of his father, Maurice D. Kilbreth. The fruit was not the fall variety of strawberries, but was from plants which bore earlier in the season. The berries were of good size, color and flavor.

Mr. Frank W. Morse and family have arrived from California and are located on Josephy street, Auburn.

News has been received of the illness of Mrs. F. A. Parsons of Biddeford, formerly of Canton.

Most of the gardens in this vicinity were hit by the recent frost.

Walter Perry of Livermore Falls has been assisting in the barber shop during fair week.

Mrs. Joseph Forester and two sons are on a visit to Providence, R. I.

Dr. and Mrs. Andrew Folson of Braintree, Mass., are visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Mrs. Flora Noyes returned to her home in Dixfield, Saturday.

HANOVER.

C. F. Saunders and S. P. Davis filled their silos last week.

Several from this place went to Canton last week.

Robert, the little three year old son of S. P. Davis, had a very narrow escape last Wednesday. The mud guard of an auto that was passing hit him on the back of the head cutting a gash two inches in length.

Miss Una Roberts, who has been in Massachusetts the past three weeks, returned Monday.

Mrs. C. F. Saunders ran the auto to carry the cream to Rumford, while her husband is harvesting corn.

Charles Reed is to drive the stage after Oct. 1.

Mrs. M. C. Dean of Oaktown, Virginia, is visiting relatives in town.

New grand at L. M. STEARNS' Adv.

GILEAD.

Albert Bennett was in Gorham, N. H., recently.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Curtis are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter, born Sept. 21.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Springer of Portland are spending a few days at their camp here.

Quite a few people from this town attended the West Bethel Fair last Thursday.

Frances O'Brien has returned to her home in Somerville, Mass., after spending a few days here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fulton O'Brien.

Millinery display Sept. 29, 30, 1. M. STEARNS' Adv.

BLUE STORES

Our "extras" include—

extra smart style, extra good fit, extra fine all-wool materials—but no extra cost. All these "extras" are backed by our years of experience as clothiers with a reputation to sustain and a determination to do so. That is why we settled upon

KIRSCHBAUM

CLOTHES

at \$15, \$18, \$20 and \$22

as the safe, sure way to offer to our trade the ideal garments in every feature that makes value in good clothes.

It's a sort of habit with us to have the best for the money.

F. H. NOYES CO.

NORWAY

2 Stores

SOUTH PARIS

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Events of Interest from Washington.
By J. E. Jones.

PROHIBITION AND TAXES.

The financial troubles and problems of West Virginia, and the burden that the tax payers are obliged to shoulder, in bringing home its lessons in cost of maintaining the public's political government, in a manner that the prohibition leaders of the state refused to believe, until a flat treasury opened their eyes. The legislature was reluctantly forced to acknowledge that prohibition carries with it the necessity for absolutely new and radical changes in methods of taxation.

West Virginia's experience is decidedly interesting. Since the beginning of the year there have been three distinct legislative sessions, the purpose of each being to provide the necessary revenue to carry on the regular state government. The partisanship engendered by the new era of reform is so bitter that the first two sessions adjourned after refusing to pass revenue measures; but the third session finally concluded that in view of the fact that state officials and employees, teachers in the State University, and all others usually paid by the State, were turned away at the State Treasury, that something must be done to relieve the situation created by the loss of the \$650,000 annual income.

Governor Hatfield was bitterly denounced by the more rabid prohibition partisans for insisting on higher taxes to meet the condition of State finances, and the fact, as stated above, that two legislatures adjourned without furnishing relief to an absolutely plain necessity, shows how far issues can stray from a sensible business necessity. The State of West Virginia was actually compelled to declare a moratorium for sixty days before the members of the legislature would recognize the fact that when one of the greatest of the state's revenue powers was cut off, some method must be adopted to keep the wheels of government greased.

When some of the schools throughout the state were in danger of closing for lack of funds the lawmakers waked up, and they made tax laws to meet the exigency. These taxes are heavier than those of the civil war days; that prohibition carries with it vital practical problems of government aside from the moral issues involved has been emphatically impressed upon the taxpayers of West Virginia, and they know now that if they continue prohibition that the startling increases inaugurated in taxation must be made permanent. The property tax rate has been increased from six mills on the dollar to fourteen mills, with a cash value assessment. Taxes have been doubled and in some instances tripled on corporations engaged in developing the resources of the State. The State legislature passed what is known as the "Omibus Revenue Law," and it doubles the charter tax, triples the tax on non-resident charters, and imposes an excise tax on one-half of one percent on the net earnings of corporations. Insurance companies, banks, and all domestic joint stock companies are heavily taxed. Mutual savings banks, cemetery companies and fraternal organizations, if operated for profit, are also subjected to this tax. Evidently West Virginia is about as wet, and also about as dry, as all other prohibition states. In Charleston, a city of less than 25,000 inhabitants the record of six days last month, in the police court, showed 89 cases where too much liquor figured. What is true of Charleston, is practically the condition throughout the state. Since West Virginia now knows that prohibition comes high, it is debating whether it is worth considering its extremely high cost.

CROWDING OUT THE SMALL MERCHANTS.

A great economic question is going to be brought squarely before the American people within the next few months, and upon the determination of the issues raised by the so-called Stevens Bill, pending in Congress, depends in a very large measure the fate of the small dealer, and especially those

in the smaller towns, in the unequal struggle that they are waging for existence against the great city department stores and the mail order houses. Every person who has kept his eyes open, must have observed that for some reason the big city merchants have been gaining ground, while the tradesmen in the interior have found the struggle growing constantly harder. The records of postoffice and express money orders, and bank drafts purchased, clearly show that great sums of money that should be used in trading at home, is going to the mail order houses in the large cities. And the department stores in the great centers are monopolizing the trade, and the little stores are becoming fewer and poorer. This condition is attributed to "cut-throat competition," or price cutting, and from every part of the country there has come a demand for the enactment of a Federal statute that will enable manufacturers of staple articles to fix a price on their goods and compel the retailing at a standard figure, no matter where the goods are sold. The Federal Trade Commission is working in this direction, and the indications are that there is bad weather ahead for the handful of city interests that have been driving out the smaller dealers, and growing opulent and arrogant at the expense of the country merchants.

EXTRA SESSION TALK.

Senator William J. Stone, of Missouri, is chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, which makes him a very important factor in the political community of the Capitol. "Old Bill" dropped in to see the President the other day, to urge the necessity of an extra session of Congress in October. The specific reasons advanced in connection with the request contemplate consideration of the scheme to hand over \$20,000,000 and an apology to Colombia because the United States cut a ditch across Panama; and also to take up the proposed closure of "gag" rule in the Senate. The latter innovation is designed to prevent the endless system of speeches made in the upper chamber. Senator Kern, Democratic leader in the Senate, dropped in at the White House the same day, and "begged to differ" with the distinguished Missourian. He asserted that he thought an extra session would be inexpedient.

DOVES OF PEACE.

Colonel Bryan and Henry Ford called on the President the same day, and each expressed themselves to the effect that the country should not pile up big appropriations for "preparedness." Mr. Bryan takes the view that the established policy of the Government, whereby a couple of battle ships are voted annually, is about in keeping with the country's needs. His position in this matter is not generally understood correctly, as Colonel Bryan never has advocated a "no navy and no army" policy, as has been frequently charged.

Ford is the greatest living illustration of the theory that "nothing succeeds like success," and since he has made dust, gasoline and sheet iron famous, he is as welcome at the White House or anywhere else as a home sower "the morning after." Ford has given a million dollars for "peace," but that is only a trifle for the manufacturer of the "tin Lizzie's," and does not represent his biggest benefactions. New Ford is a man of ideas, but it is a mistake to assume that they are all good ones. For instance, who could O. K. his viewpoint in saying that he would not give five cents for all the art in the world; or in making light of college young men. During Mr. Ford's day in Washington it was indicated that he was of the class who love peace so dearly that he is willing to fight for it; and far more important than his talk with the President was his conference with the Secretary of the Navy, whom he advised regarding the possibilities of gasoline engines for submarines and the directing of aeroplanes by wireless.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO READ THE ADVERTISEMENTS IN THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN.

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It of Auburn will be

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the new District Super-

Methodist Church, and

first visit to Leek's

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M. STEARNS' Adv.

TORIA

and Children.

Have Always Bought

Lat H. Little

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line.

Carver's

THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
BY FRED B. MERRILL.

BETHEL, MAINE.

Subscription \$1.50 per year in advance. If not paid in advance \$2.00 will be charged.

Entered as second class matter, May 7, 1895 at the post office at Bethel, Maine.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1915.

SWEET CLOVER.

Common in Many Parts of the Country—Gaining in Favor as a Cultivated Crop.

Sweet clover, which is so common along roadsides and in waste places in many parts of the country, is rapidly gaining in favor as a cultivated crop. This is due to its value for soil improvement, for pastures, and for hay. There are three species of sweet clover commonly found in the United States. The biennial yellow-flowered species (*Medicago officinalis*) and the biennial white-flowered species (*Medicago alba*) are valuable over a wide area, while the annual yellow-flowered species (*Medicago falcata*) is of little economic importance except in the extreme South and Southwest, where it is grown as a winter cover and green-manure crop. With the exception of a few localities, white sweet clover is grown almost entirely. This is due to the fact that it yields more forage and produces larger roots than the other species. The white-flowered species is ordinarily referred to as sweet clover, while the other two species are called yellow sweet clover.

Sweet clover resembles alfalfa when young, but can be distinguished from it by its bitter taste, its smooth shiny leaves, and later, when in bloom, by the long, loose spike-like arrangement of white flowers in contrast to the close purple clusters of alfalfa flowers. One of the most notable features of sweet clover is its root system. During the first season of growth the roots often reach a diameter of one-half inch at the crown of the plant. On account of the fleshy character of the roots, a large quantity of vegetable matter is added to the soil, even when the tops of the plants are removed for hay.

Uses of Sweet Clover.

There are few plants which will put waste land or run-down farms into condition for producing crops as quickly as sweet clover. Its value for this purpose is recognized in Alabama and Mississippi, and also in parts of Kentucky and Ohio. On account of the root development of this plant, large quantities of vegetable matter are added to the soil when a field of sweet clover is plowed. The root system alone has been estimated to be about 20 tons of green weight per acre for a good growth of sweet clover. In some parts of the country it has been used in a small way as a green-manure crop, the second year's growth being plowed under. By turning under a crop of sweet clover, or only the stubble, marked gains are obtained in the following crops.

Sweet clover is a very good winter cover crop in that it prevents the soil from gullying and washing. It also takes up large quantities of available fertilizers which would probably leach out of the soil during the winter. On account of the large taproots of sweet clover plants, potassium and phosphorus may be taken up in the subsoil and deposited, at least in part, in the surface soil when the roots decay.

Since sweet clover is a biennial, like red clover, it is readily adapted to similar rotations. Sweet clover will undoubtedly prove to be a valuable crop as a substitute for red clover in the ordinary farm rotations where red clover will no longer grow. It may be seeded in the spring on grain or red clover is sown. When seeded in this manner some pasturage will be produced that fall in the North and pasturage or a hay crop in the South. The following season it produces two crops in the North and three crops in the South. It may be handled in a manner similar to red clover.

Sweet clover hay is rapidly coming into favor as a feed for all classes of

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known P. J. Cheney for the last 25 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

live stock, especially in places where more desirable types of hay will not grow successfully. Ordinarily some trouble is experienced in getting stock to eat sweet clover at first, on account of its bitter taste, but after they have been accustomed to eating it no trouble is experienced. A high percentage of digestible protein is contained in the hay.

Sweet clover makes excellent pasturage for horses, sheep, cattle, and hogs. Probably the easiest way to create an appetite for this plant is to commence pasturing stock on it very early in the spring of the second year, before other green feed has started. A sufficient number of animals should be kept in a sweet clover pasture to keep it grazed rather closely. This will prevent the stems from becoming large and woody and will also induce an abundant growth of young shoots. Stock when pastured upon sweet clover make gains which compare very favorably with those obtained from either alfalfa or red clover.

There is very little danger of blighting when stock are pastured on sweet clover, but it is safest to avoid turning stock into a sweet clover pasture when it is wet with dew or rain or when stock are unusually hungry. Sweet clover will also thrive well during mid-summer droughts and produce much early and late pasturage.

Soil Requirements.

Sweet clover has the ability to thrive on poor clay as well as on poor sandy soils, but it will make a better growth on fertile soil. It prefers soils of limaceous origin. Clay soils which are acid should be limed before sweet clover is sown. Sweet clover is also very resistant to alkali, and plants may be found in the West growing on soils so alkaline that little else than salt grass is able to survive.

The primary requisite for obtaining a stand of sweet clover is to have a firm, thoroughly compacted seed bed with just enough loose soil on top to enable the seed to be covered. The lack of a firm seed bed is probably the chief reason why sweet clover so often fails when seeded under cultivation. However, if it is seeded with spring-sown grain the seed bed should be rolled after seeding. Better results are usually obtained where sweet clover is seeded alone in the late winter or spring on ground which has been plowed and thoroughly worked the previous fall.

Seeding.

The time for sowing sweet clover varies considerably in different sections of the United States. In the eastern part, in the latitude of Washington, D. C., a good stand may be obtained by seeding either early in the spring or about August 15. One disadvantage with early fall seeding is that the plants mature and die the following year and only a small growth of roots is obtained. If seeded in spring in a nurse crop sweet clover will develop an extensive root system the first year and produce a small amount of pasture. For this reason it is recommended that so far as possible it be seeded in the late winter or spring. In the Southern States, as far north as the Ohio River, the practice is to seed quite early in the spring, during February or the early part of March. In the States farther north the date is correspondingly later, until in Wisconsin it is usually seeded in the latter part of April or first of May. When the rainfall is sufficient, a stand can be obtained by seeding in small grain, such as fall wheat or spring-sown crops like oats and barley, but in seeding with grain one runs some risk of having the sweet-clover plants killed out by drought during the summer. Owing to the rather slow germination of the seed it is usually best to seed at the rate of 15 to 20 pounds of hulled seed and 25 pounds of unhusked seed to the acre.

Inoculation.

On poor soils in localities where sweet clover is not common, it is quite important that the soil be inoculated at seeding time to insure good results. Even in localities where sweet clover is plentiful the early growth has been made much more vigorous by thoroughly inoculating the soil. Inoculation can be accomplished by mixing soil from a field where sweet clover, bar clover, yellow trefoil (black medick), or alfalfa grows abundantly, pound for pound, with sweet-clover seed. This mixture should be sown after sunset or on a cloudy day and immediately harrowed in, since daylight greatly injures the inoculating germs. Inoculation is also accomplished in the South by using unhusked seed. Pure cultures of the inoculating bacteria may be obtained free of charge from the department.

COME TO PORTLAND!

SHOPPING AND AMUSEMENT WEEK

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 2 to OCTOBER 9
SOMETHING DOING EVERY DAY!

Saturday, Oct. 2nd

Free Travelling Band Concert, 5 P. M. to 10:30 P. M. right through the shopping district.

Monday, Oct. 4th

Free Flying Machine Exhibits right over the business section. Valuable prizes dropped from the machine, morning 10 o'clock, afternoon 2 o'clock. ALSO—"Miss Fashion" will be seen in the shopping district, dressed to kill, and will hand out brand new Dollar Bills to the first five persons who ask her—"Excuse me, are you Miss Fashion?"—3 to 5 P. M.

Tuesday, Oct. 5th

Thrilling Rescue of a charming young lady from a high up window of one of our skyscraper buildings by the fire department, using their new aerial ladders—2 P. M. ALSO—"Miss Fashion," 3 to 5 P. M. More clean, new Dollar Bills free.

Wednesday, October 6th

Flying Machine Exhibits, 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. right over the business district. More valuable presents dropped from the machine. ALSO—"Miss Fashion," 3 to 5 P. M. More Dollar Bills.

Thursday, Oct. 7th

Mammoth Baby Show, 1:15 P. M. Hundreds of babies expected. Prizes for biggest boy or girl baby up to 18 months old, for the smallest boy and girl baby, for the prettiest baby. All gold coin prizes and the big present of \$15 in gold for the baby who has the largest number of brothers and sisters. ALSO—"Miss Fashion," 3 to 5 P. M. More Dollar Bills free.

Friday, Oct. 8th

Flying Machine Exhibits 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. More free prizes dropped in the air. ALSO—"Miss Fashion," 3 to 5 P. M. More free Dollar Bills. At night at 8 o'clock the big Civic Parade, Music, Marching Societies, Trade Bodies, Decorated Floats, a wonderful Prize Event.

Saturday, Oct. 9th

Winding up the week's Program—All Free.

Special Values in all Stores all the Week.

Free Theatre Tickets given by all Merchants to their Customers all the Week.

Can You Afford to Miss It? No!

COME TO PORTLAND!

SATURDAY, OCT. 2 to SATURDAY, OCT. 9

Harvesting.

When hay is desired, sweet clover should be cut just before it begins to bloom. At this time the leaves are most abundant, and the stems have not yet become woody. Sweet-clover hay should be baled while in the swath, and just before the leaves become dry enough to shatter, it should be raked into windrows. After lying in the windrow for a day it may be put into shocks and cured. When sweet clover is seeded in the spring with a nurse crop, on a small amount of pasture is produced that autumn, but where it is seeded alone in the spring a cutting of hay may be made in the autumn. The following year a hay crop and a seed crop, or two cuttings of hay if seed is not desired, are usually obtained. In the South, where seeded alone, two cuttings may be obtained the first year, and other two cuttings of hay and a seed crop or three cuttings of hay the second year. Where seeded alone in the North there is no danger of the hay becoming woody the first year, and for that reason it does not need to be cut until it has attained its largest growth in the fall.

Seed Production.

In harvesting the seed it is important that the plants be cut before the seed is fully matured. One must watch the seed crop carefully, and as soon as the lower racemes of spike-like arrangements of flowers are dry and mature it is best to cut the crop. Even where it is mown and the seed stalks cut, probably not more than three-fourths of the racemes should be allowed to become fully mature. Sweet clover seed can be threshed most easily by the ordinary threshing machine, but if it is to be hulled a regular clover huller with special rasps is used. In semi-arid and irrigated sections the hulle is so dry that an ordinary grain thrasher will remove most of them. Since the seed shatters very easily, sweet clover should be cut when it is wet with dew. If the first growth be cut for hay when it is 3 to 4 feet tall, leaving a stubble, the seed crop will come on much more evenly. Care should be taken to cut the stubble of the preceding hay crops as high as possible, so that there will be sufficient stems remaining to resume growth, as this plant, unlike alfalfa, does not form new straw shoots. Seed yields vary from 2 to 4 bushels to the acre.

Marketing.

The failure of the farmers throughout the United States to make use of this valuable legume has largely been on account of the fear that it could

not be eradicated from their farms if once started. The biennial nature of the plant makes the problem of eradication very easy. It will not persist when continually mowed so that it can not produce seed, nor is it troublesome in clean cultivated or intertilled crops.

SURVEY MAPS NOW OBTAINABLE FROM POSTMASTERS.

The finest and most accurate maps of the United States are those made by the United States Geological Survey. This branch of the Government service prints more than 3,000 maps a day, or about a million a year, most of which are sold to the public directly from Washington. Book and stationery concerns in the larger cities of course handle these maps, but heretofore there has been no way in which the inhabitants of the small towns throughout the country could get them except by sending to Washington. Now, however, postmasters in towns and villages have the permission of the Post Office Department to handle these maps. When the Geological Survey prints a new map it sends a sample copy to the postmasters in the area covered, with the suggestion that they take it up in a conspicuous place, where everyone calling for mail can see it, and order a small stock for sale to those who wish to buy the map. This saves the purchaser the annoyance of sending to the Geological Survey and waiting until the map is received from Washington, and also saves the expense of postage. The postmaster himself receives a small commission on each map sold.

Many active postmasters are handling the maps, and that their fellow-citizens appreciate the accommodation of being able to buy Government maps at the post office is shown by the number sold in this way. The record of maps so sold shows that a postmaster in Minnesota heads the list, so far, having sold 125 maps the first month he handled them.

Only postmasters in regions that have been recently mapped have been asked to handle the maps, but the Geological Survey willingly answers inquiries made by other postmasters, sending them a sample copy of the map that covers their district, if it has been mapped.

It is believed that this new plan of distributing the Government maps will benefit all concerned; it will be a convenience to the purchaser, it will bring the postmasters a small commission, and it will increase the sale of the maps.

ROAD MANAGEMENT.

Where a county builds a good road and soon lets it become rutty, washed out, or unopen, who or what is principally to blame? As a result of a study of conditions in a number of counties, road specialists of the Department of Agriculture at Washington, D. C., are inclined to place the responsibility upon the following defects in road management, some or all of which are found in all counties where good roads are not properly repaired and maintained:

1. County boards, although having full administrative authority, appear not to attach to their official action in road matters the importance or legal effect which it should have.
2. County boards do not generally have sufficient accounting control of road funds to know what is available for any particular project, where funds have been or where existing balances are to be expended.
3. Lack of any systematic practice in handling road funds among most counties makes it very difficult to carry out over even a single year any persistent maintenance policy, because funds officially obligated for maintenance purposes are not protected against sporadic and irregular drafts for miscellaneous purposes. The great likelihood consequently exists everywhere that there will be no balance in the maintained fund in the last half or third of the year, although only a part of the fund allotted may have been spent.
4. Local labor available for maintenance work is made dissatisfied by the constant, unintelligent, and unfavorable criticism of those using the road.
5. Maintenance continuing over a period of years—the ultimate indispensable condition of effective maintenance—is jeopardized by the lack of accounting control that will prevent spending next year's current income in this year.
6. The lack of skilled supervision in construction and the effect of this in increasing the cost or in making effective maintenance impossibly expensive is everywhere seen.
7. The county authorities are commonly opposed to following suggestions for maintenance that involve tying up road funds in any way, such as purchasing materials in advance to store along the road for making repairs or maintaining the road surface.

What is said in regard to counties may also be said in regard to towns.

SOME EARLY SEA ANIMALS.

The sea teems with plants and animals, and it has been estimated that the amount of life in the sea exceeds that of the land, square mile for square mile. Animal life is found nearly everywhere, even at the greatest depths; but it flourishes best at or near the shore. On the other hand, plant life seems to be absent over the bottoms of the ocean basins, but plentiful at the surface, where the sunlight plays an important part in its growth.

It is believed that the original forms of life began in the ocean many millions of years ago, and at no time since has life there ceased. Many of the earliest forms are now extinct; others have gradually increased in number and variety from their beginning to the present time. How long ago life began no one has definitely determined; but it is known to have been many millions years ago, for the remains of extinct animals and plants are found in the oldest sedimentary rocks.

According to geologists, the oceanic waters have made many incursions upon the continents and at times have nearly submerged them. Long ago, even in a geologic sense, before the birth of the Appalachian or Rocky mountains, the sea made frequent visits to the interior of our continent and left, after each retreat, a sandy, muddy, or silty deposit mixed with shells and other organic remains, which later became solidified into rock. Were not the organic remains still found in deposits, it would be difficult to believe that the ancestors of many present-day sea animals once lived along the beaches of an ancient inland sea.

Bulletin 508, written by G. H. Girty and just issued by the United States Geological Survey, describes a local association of animals that lived in one of these inland seas that covered Arkansas. This fauna lived not long (in geologic terms) before the formation of the great land beds over portions of the eastern United States. The bulletin, which deals with the faunas of the Boone limestone at St. Joe, Ark., consists of two parts, each describing a faunal group at the same locality. Several two species are described, including several new to science, with a discussion of their bearing on the age and correlation of the rocks containing them. This bulletin is technically descriptive and is of interest to students of Paleozoic faunas and Mississippi Valley geology. A copy may be obtained free upon application to the Director of the United States Geological Survey, Washington, D. C.

The less money a woman has the more things she can afford to see that she would like to buy.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS & NEGLECTED MEALS

These are the results of Dyspepsia, indigestion and other stomach troubles. Restore your rest and appetite with

CAROL
Indigestion
CAPSULES
Trial size 25c.
Full Syllabus, Distributor, 24 & 26 Murray St., N. Y.

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AND
FARM PRODUCTS.

Five—ten—twenty, years from today the files of LESLIE's will be priceless. For LESLIE's is the one great national illustrated weekly newspaper of today.

Special war correspondents and photographers by the score "cover the war" for LESLIE's—in Germany, in Austria, in France, in Russia, in Britain, in Belgium, in Turkey, in Egypt, in the Far East, on the high seas.

The LESLIE's news and pictorial service "covers" not only the war, but the world, for the benefit of its 350,000 subscribers. At home or abroad—wherever news is happening—there the unparalleled service of this great weekly newspaper is recording it and picturing it for the people of the United States.

For sixty years LESLIE's has brought to the American people week by week the most important news of our own and every other country, not in words alone, but also in pictures—that universal language which tells more at a glance than pages of words could describe.

No wide-awake American can afford not to have LESLIE's in his home every week. Every member of the family will profit by it. It is not too "old" for the youngest child, while every page teems with interest for every man and woman in the family.

Get the current issue at any newsstand—10 cents.

Better subscribe by the year (\$5) and be sure of receiving every issue promptly on Thursday.

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MAINE REGISTER
1915-16 EDITION
ISSUED AUGUST 1st

It contains more information of value to Business and Professional Men of Maine than any other Reference Book.

PUBLISHED ANNUALLY SINCE 1870

Price, \$2.00 Postpaid

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PUBLISHER
390 Congress Street
PORTLAND, MAINE

SPECIAL TO WOMEN

The most economical, cleansing and germicidal of all antiseptics is

Paxtine

A soluble Antiseptic Powder to be dissolved in water as needed.

As a medicinal antiseptic for douches in treating catarrh, inflammation or ulceration of nose, throat, and that caused by feminine ills it has no equal. For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women, which proves its superiority. Women who have been cured say it is "worth its weight in gold." At druggists. 50c. large box, or by mail, The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Willie—"Well, I'm glad I haven't got as many teeth as a saw."

Teacher—"Why are you glad?"

Willie—"Think of all the toothaches I would have."

RUMFORD

Mr. Charles Niles of Virginia recently for Orono, where he has rolled as a student in the entering class of the University of Maine.

Mr. Oscar Sullivan is to act as manager for Max Greenburg in his shoe store on Oxford avenue.

Mr. Wesley Gerald left last week for Pennsylvania, where he will attend State college. Mr. Gerald has been employed at the Oxford mill during the past year.

Albert Brown is seriously ill with pleurisy at the Emergency Hospital. Miss Della McPhee has resumed position as toll operator for the Mt. Tel. & Tel. Co., after a long absence occasioned by illness.

Miss Mildred Wheat is attending Nason Institute at Sanford, Me.

The Rumford village schools closed at eleven o'clock, Thursday, to allow the pupils to attend the Canton fair, as they desired. The Boys' and Girls' band, composed of about 100 young people played during the afternoon.

Mr. Archie Felt sold tickets at the Canton fair last week.

Miss Louise Bisbee, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Bisbee, left week to enter Lassell Seminary, Burnside, Mass. Miss Bisbee was student last year at Melborn Academy.

Dr. and Mrs. E. A. Sheehy, Helen Sheehy and Mr. and Mrs. Gates enjoyed a trip through the White Mountains last Saturday.

The pool room at the Mechanics' statue is temporarily closed, due to extensive repairs which are being made to the tables. In the bowling alley, floor is to be re-surfaced and new ceilings are to be put in. Supp. Yan, who has recently come here from Fitchburg, Mass., to take charge of the institute, has secured two of his former associates in similar positions to have charge of the pool room and the billiard alleys as soon as they are ready to be opened to the public.

Dr. J. Abbott Nile and son have recently returned from a visit in Ireland.

Henry Paquin, employed by Gauthier Bros. Co., for the past year, is now working for the Rumford Public Market.

A supper will be served on Friday at the Universalist Church by the Ladies Aid. Beans and brown bread, salt pickles, rolls, doughnuts, pie, cake and coffee will be served.

The Searchlight Club will resume meetings on October 1st at the home of Mrs. J. Abbott Nile in Virginia. Interesting subjects have been chosen for study this winter.

The local florist, Eugene Davis, moved to the corner of Congress and Exchange streets, occupying part of Fernald's drug store.

Mr. George Clay and wife of Grand Rapids, Mich., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harris L. Elliott.

Mr. and Mrs. Horace Irish of Bethel have been recently visiting and Mrs. Lewis Irish of Rumford.

Mr. John Martin spent part of week in Andover.

Mr. Charles Howe attended Phillips fair last week.

Mr. Jennie F. Mair of Providence, R. I., is the guest of Mrs. Roscoe Swain.

Miss Bernice Steinfeld of Berlin, N. H., is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. John Schouaueg.

It is expected that Rev. Asa Bradley, the State Superintendent of Universalist churches, will be in Rumford, Oct. 3, to occupy the pulpit of Universalist Church which is now vacant.

Charles Atwood is in Boston, guest of Mrs. Maurice Reynolds.

Albert Bellevue, Esq., has been sent for Mrs. Henry Hilton, agent of the Cummings Construction Co. for \$5,000 for the death of Mr. Hilton while working for the company the construction of the Oxford mill.

The Cornell block, 132 Congress street, was sold last week to Abram Singer and Jacob Klein of Lowell.

The first floor will be remodeled and occupied by Levin Santer and party, who now have the second floor.

Frank Lovejoy of Andover has leased the Daniel G. Frost place on

FREE MEDICINE
For Stomach, Liver, Bowel

These organs are so important to the bodily health, that we want to show you how to keep them well. Indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, headache, constipation and many other ills come from faulty action of the bowels. "L. F." Atwood's Medicine is so safe and speedy, once you try it, you will not want to be without a bottle of it in the house. Thousands have used it with success, during the past sixty years. Write your name and address plainly, on a postal, and mail it today. We will send you the sample postpaid by return mail.

FREE—On receipt of a yellow envelope with your address on the back, we will send you one of our Atwood's Medicine samples of high grade medicine, so every family.

"L. F." MEDICINE CO., Portland, Me.



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Albert Bellevue, Esq., has brought suit for Mrs. Henry Hillon, against the Cummings Construction Co. for the sum of \$5,000 for the death of Mr. Hillon while working for the company on the construction of the Oxford mill last year.

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FREE—On receipt of a yellow bottle wrapper with your opinion of the medicine, we will send one of our Needle Books with a full assortment of high grade needles, useful in every family.

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Because It's For One Thing Only, and Bethel People Appreciate This

Nothing can be good for everything. Doing one thing well brings success. Doan's Kidney Pills are for one thing only.

For weak or disordered kidneys. Here is reliable evidence of their worth.

John M. Harlow, R. F. D. 1, Rumford Falls, Me., says: "I was quite miserable from kidney trouble. I had pains in my back and the kidney secretions were unnatural and irregular in passage, obliging me to arise many times during the night. I also lost considerable weight. Reading of others who had been cured by Doan's Kidney Pills, I tried them. I was cured and have had no trouble since."

Price 50c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Harlow had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y. Adv.

Roxbury road, Mexico.

Francis Warren, son of Rev. J. S. Warren, left last week for Brunswick to attend Bowdoin College, where he is enrolled as a student.

On Oct. 3 re-opening services will be held at the Virginia chapel, alterations to which are now nearly completed.

Rev. George A. Martin of St. Johnsbury, Vt., will preach in the morning; Rev. Gay C. White, pastor of the Pine street M. E. Church, Portland, will give an address in the afternoon; and the speaker for the evening will be the district superintendent, Rev. D. B. Holt, of Auburn. A special musical program will be given at each service, and it is expected that a large number will be present. Services at the Rumford Methodist church will be suspended for the day.

Mrs. Ward returned to her home in Leonistown, Mass., last Thursday after a two weeks' visit with her sister, Mrs. George L. Horton.

Mrs. G. N. Saunders spent a few days in Livermore last week.

Mr. Lewis Howard spent last week in Massachusetts, visiting friends in Haverhill, Weymouth, and Boston.

Antonio Perinault of Farmington has accepted a position with the Gauthier Bros. Co. He will drive on one of the grocery teams.

Albert Umland, who has been confined with typhoid fever at Dr. McCarthy's Hospital, is able to be at work again.

A large number of people attended the Canton fair last week. This week they are busy seeing the sights at the Andover fair.

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Kennard are the guests of Mrs. Frank Baker at Upper Dam. From there they will go on a hunting expedition.

Goodwill Douglass of St. Stephens, N. B., is the guest of his brother, Geo. D. Douglass, of Virginia.

Frank Wells, who has been for the past year pianist at the Majestic Theatre, has accepted a like position at Greeley's Theatre, Portland. Mr. Wells completed his contract with the Majestic, Saturday night.

The corn roast to be given by the District Nursing Association on last Tuesday evening was given up on account of the rain. A supper will be held instead in the near future. The financial showing for the year is not as good as desired, as there is a deficit of \$31.11.

OUR MISNAMED RUINS.

Misleading Titles Which Have Been Ignorantly Given to the Mesa Verde Cliff Dwellings.

Many visitors to the prehistoric Cliff Dwellings of the Mesa Verde National Park in southwestern Colorado are astonished to find that what is commonly described as a dwelling is not properly a dwelling at all but a village or city. The celebrated Cliff Palace is not a palace. Neither is Spruce Tree House a house, nor Balcony House a house. Each of these is a complete town which once, in the dim ages before the earliest Indian tradition, was an organized community, often of considerable size.

The arrangement of houses in a cliff dwelling of the size of Cliff Palace, for example, is characteristic and intimately associated with the distribution of the social divisions of the inhabitants. The population was composed of a number of units, possibly clans, each of which had its own social organization more or less distinct from others, a condition that appears in the arrangement of rooms. The rooms occupied by a clan were not necessarily connected, although generally neighboring rooms were distinguished from one another by their uses.

Many a married man wonders just how small a portion of his earnings he is really entitled to.

WEST PARIS

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur O. Ricker of Bristol, N. H., are visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert J. Ricker. They came by auto through the mountains, taking three days for the trip.

Miss Wall, Miss Parker and Miss Carter, teachers in the village school, are boarding with Mrs. Clara Brooks Ryder.

Mrs. Hannibal J. Brown was given a post card shower, Sunday, on the occasion of her 82nd birthday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Cummings, Mr. and Mrs. Allan Cole and Mrs. Cynthia H. Curtis enjoyed a delightful auto trip around the White Mountains, Sunday, Sept. 19.

Mr. and Mrs. Irving L. Bowker of Portland were recent guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Roscoe Tuell.

Dr. and Mrs. A. K. Baldwin and son, Marshall, of Portland have been spending Mr. Baldwin's vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Almon E. Marshall.

Quincy Day has moved his family into the rent over the drug store.

Mrs. Ethel Howe Wheeler and Little daughter, Ruth, of Oakland have been guests of Miss Ella Curtis and Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Farnum.

Mrs. Lorinda Curtis is in very poor health.

Frank L. Willis and Vernon E. Ellingwood have both returned from the C. M. G. Hospital, Lewiston.

Mrs. Frank L. Willis has returned from a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Emma W. Rose, of Kittory.

Lorraine F. Willis is in very poor health from bright's disease.

Many people here are suffering from colds and bowel trouble.

A heavy rain fell Sunday followed by a gale of wind Sunday night and Monday which blew down telephone lines and Monday a large maple tree on Main street was broken off and thrown across the highway near the residence of Rev. D. A. Ball, blocking the road for a short time.

L. J. Trank of North Paris hauled a load of corn to the factory, Friday afternoon. After unloading he drove to Ellsworth Curtis' where one of his span of horses reared in the air and dropped dead.

C. F. Barden is having a week's vacation from his R. F. D. route, and Gerald Swift is carrying mail.

SUNDAY RIVER.

C. B. Foster made a great improvement on his place by having the stone wall removed. J. J. Splanney did the work.

Mr. Hibbard was in this place on business last week.

Chester Wheeler was here Monday, looking for young stock.

The wind did much damage Sunday night, blowing down forest trees and apple trees.

Ruth Kendall is home from Nashua, N. H.

H. M. Kendall has been visiting friends in Massachusetts.

Mrs. Roy Grover from Gorham, Me., visited here the last of the week.

John Brown from South Paris visited at C. B. Foster's a few days lately.

Phillip Wilson went to Lewiston, Monday.

The auction at the H. B. Godwin place was well attended.

C. A. Baker has men cutting birch for him.

O. P. Littlehale was called to Fort Wadsworth, N. Y., on account of his son, Chester, being seriously injured while on duty. He is better but not out of danger yet.

Herbert Kendall is pressing C. B. Foster's hay.

Elmer Bean is not able to attend school this week.

Joseph Splanney is in Shelburne, N. H., on business.

Fred Cook and family returned to Haverhill, Mass., Tuesday.

Mrs. William Gorman visited in Bethel one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Barker have been visiting at C. O. Demeritt's.

Mrs. Robert Bean and children are in Andover for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Millet Lombard were in this place one day last week.

Walter Emery went to Old Orchard, Sunday, and returned with his children. Mrs. Emery will remain for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Bailey, Clyde Walker and wife attended the fair at West Bethel, last Thursday.

R. L. Foster has bought a pair of horses of Walter Emery.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Eames was the scene of a very pleasant social evening when Mrs. Eames entertained a few of her friends on her birthday, Thursday, Sept. 30. A most delicious dinner was served at six o'clock and later in the evening refreshments consisting of ice cream, fruit and candy were thoroughly enjoyed by all. Among those who were present from out of town were Mr. and Mrs. Fred Cook of Haverhill, Mass., and Miss Mildred Hale of Lawrence, Mass. Mrs. Eames was the recipient of many beautiful and useful gifts.

New goods at L. M. STEARNS' Adv.

ANDOVER

Andover was visited by a heavy wind Sunday night which was almost cyclonic. Large trees were blown down and broken, fences were leveled, and at So. Andover the barns of Frank Gordon and Holton Abbott were partially unroofed. Windows in some of the houses were broken by branches from trees falling against them.

Y. A. and Ray Thurston came from their lumbering operations at Aziscoos Lake the first of the week. They have twenty-five men there building camps and getting ready for work.

Mrs. Fannie Dresser, Lincoln Dresser and Edward Akers and wife were guests of Y. A. Thurston and wife and Mrs. Bedell, Thursday of last week.

Alvin Averill and family came from Farmington, Friday, where they have been working.

Miss Ellen Akers, who has been teaching at the Surplus, is spending her vacation at her home.

Rev. Geo. Graham preached an interesting sermon, Sunday morning, from the text, "Lord Teach Us How to Pray."

Mrs. John French is very ill.

Mrs. Frances Akers, wife of B. L. Akers, passed away Friday evening quite suddenly. She had suffered two paralytic shocks but had been able to ride out every day until a short time ago when she had an attack of stomach trouble which left her much weaker.

Mrs. Akers was a member of the Baptist church in Lisbon, her former home, and also a member of Lona M. Grange. She was ever ready to do her part and help in all good works and will be greatly missed. She leaves behind her husband, two sons, Oscar Wakefield of Stillwater, Me., and Geo. Wakefield of Pittsburg, Penn., also one brother and three sisters, Walter Marston and Mrs. Nora Merrill of Andover, and Mrs. Martha Hall of Monmouth.

The funeral was held Monday afternoon at the home and was largely attended. Lona M. Grange members conducted their impressive service. Rev. George Graham officiated. Several selections were sung by Mrs. Perkins, Mr. Howard and Mrs. Clayton Swett. The flowers were many and beautiful. The body was taken to Lisbon for interment.

The Akers-Allen Co., from Rumford have been in town this week with a fine line of millinery.

Mrs. Fannie Dresser returned to her home in So. Farmington, Friday last.

Mr. Noble and wife and brother from Roxbury are sawing lumber for Geo. Leavitt and are occupying one of the houses on the Emerson farm.

B. L. Thurston and wife, Mrs. Geo. Thomas, Mrs. Lucien Akers and Miss Harriet Thompson were in Rumford, Saturday.

Mrs. Belle Pope, who has been caring for Mrs. B. L. Akers, returned to Lisbon, Tuesday.

GROVER HILL.

Mrs. Carrie Grover from Gorham has been the guest of friends here for a few days.

Mr. H. M. Merrill, Fred Tyler, G. N. Sanborn, True Browne, Evander Whitman, Ingalls McAllister, Karl Stearns, Almon Tyler and Albert Sheppard cut ensilage for Maurice Tyler last week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Whitman from Boston motored to Bethel last week and took several of their relatives to the funeral services of Dr. O. P. Whitman at Lewiston.

Mr. Albert L. Whitman was taken very ill on his way to Lewiston, where he was going to attend the funeral of his brother, Dr. Oscar Whitman, and is now at the home of his sister, Mrs. Levi Bartlett, at Bethel.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest McAllister were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ingalls McAllister last week.

Messrs. B. O. Grover, George A. Grover, A. B. Grover with Fred E. Wheeler as chauffeur, are planning to motor to Andover Fair.

Don't forget the Opening Display at L. M. STEARNS'.

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice that she has been duly appointed executrix of the last will and testament of Millard F. Gannon late of Oldfield in the County of Oxford, deceased. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

RACHEL E. CONNER.
September 15, 1915.
9-30-15.

THE SUBSCRIBER HEREBY GIVES NOTICE THAT HE HAS BEEN DULY APPOINTED ADMINISTRATOR OF THE ESTATE OF ABEL E. GORDON LATE OF ANDOVER IN THE COUNTY OF OXFORD, DECEASED, AND GIVEN BONDS AS THE LAW DIRECTS. ALL PERSONS HAVING DEMANDS AGAINST THE ESTATE OF SAID DECEASED ARE DESIRED TO PRESENT THE SAME FOR SETTLEMENT, AND ALL INDEBTED THERE-TO ARE REQUESTED TO MAKE PAYMENT IMMEDIATELY.

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ESSENTIALS OF ROAD MANAGEMENT.

Summarized briefly, the essentials to successful State highway administration, as demonstrated by the experience of various State highway departments, are as follows: (a) The elimination of politics as a factor in State highway work; (b) the control by the State highway department of all work on which State funds are expended; (c) adequate appropriations for continuous maintenance of highways under efficient supervision from the day the highways are completed; (d) State supervision as to surveys, plans, and specifications of roads and bridges constructed under bond issues, and supervision of such other road and bridge work as requires considerable cash outlay and the exercise of engineering skill and knowledge.—Yearbook, U. S. Dept. Agr.

KIDNEY WORMS IN HOGS.

Parasite Which Infests Swine and May Cause Serious Damage—Means of Prevention.

In the southern United States hogs are commonly infested with roundworms or parasitic nematodes known as kidney worms (Stephanurus dentatus). These worms may reach a length of 2 1-4 inches, but generally are not more than an inch and a half long and about an eighth of an inch in diameter. In color they are grayish or yellowish white, mottled or streaked with black. They may be found in the kidneys or the surrounding fat, not infrequently in the loin muscles and neighboring connective tissues, and sometimes in various other localities—body cavity, lymphatic glands, pleural cavity, liver, etc. Usually they are inclosed in sacs, which may contain besides the worms a mass of pus and germs. The damage caused by the parasites varies with the number of worms, their location, and the presence or absence of associated germs. Particularly serious damage may be caused when the kidneys, the ducts leading from the kidneys to the bladder, or the liver are involved, and plugging of the portal vein by the parasites may result in fatal attacks of colic. Symptoms of kidney-worm disease are variable; loss of appetite, emaciation, swollen abdomen, and lameness of the hind quarters are not uncommon.

The life history of the kidney worm so far as it has been worked out is as follows: The adult worms produce eggs, which pass out of the body of the host in the urine. Apparently propagation is possible only in the case of those individuals which are so located that the eggs may reach the kidneys, the passages from kidneys to bladder, or the bladder. Outside the body the eggs hatch, and the larvae thus set free, after undergoing a certain amount of development, are ready to enter the body of a host, necessarily a hog, as only swine are known to be subject to infestation with this parasite. The larvae may either penetrate the skin or be swallowed with food or drink. As determined by experiment, in the former case the worms finally locate in the kidney or in its neighborhood, whereas if the larvae are swallowed they become located in the liver.

Prevention Only Known Remedy.

No satisfactory medicinal treatment is known for kidney worms, so that the only way of combating the parasite is through preventive measures.

As far as possible hogs should be kept in clean dry quarters. Damp muddy pens and mud wallows should be abandoned. Concrete floors will aid in reducing the chances of infection if frequently cleaned and kept dry. In some parts of Asia hogs are kept on slat floors, raised above the ground, and thus escape serious infestation. Rooting should be prevented by ringing the nose. Hogs apparently affected with kidney worms should be isolated from the healthy ones. Hogs on pasture should be frequently changed to fresh fields which have been under cultivation since their last grazing by hogs.

The question is sometimes asked whether hogs affected with kidney worms are fit for food. If the animal is not so seriously infested as to render it unfit on account of general poor condition, the meat is perfectly fit for food, after the portions containing the parasites and the surrounding tissues have been trimmed out.

"MAINE REGISTERS" WANTED.

Have you recent copies of the Maine Register which you can give to the schools. They are especially good as an aid in teaching local history and geography of which the average pupil has little knowledge. Ten copies have already been given by Mr. Fred Merrill. If you have any you can donate please notify the Superintendent of Schools who wants every school in the district to have a "Register." Your help will be appreciated.

FRANK H. DYER, Supt.

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HERBICK & PARK
Attorneys-at-Law,
Bethel, Maine.

C. H. EATON,
Auctioneer.
All orders promptly attended to.
Goods sold by the day or on commission. Telephone connections.
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Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Fitting of
Glasses Exclusively,
National Shoe and Leather Bank
Building,
AUBURN, MAINE.

STARK D. WILSON,
CIVIL ENGINEER,
Forest and Municipal Engineering
and Surveying of all descriptions.
Phone 15-12, Gorham, N. H.

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BETHEL, ME.
Marble & Granite * * * Workers.
Chaste Designs.
First Class Workmanship.
Letters of inquiry promptly answered. See our work.

E. E. WHITNEY & CO.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD
QUARRIES, FACTORY LOCATIONS, MILL SITES, FARMS, SITES FOR SUMMER HOTELS AND CAMPS.

Located on the line of the MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD give opportunity to those desiring to make a change in location for a new start in life.

UNDEVELOPED WATER POWERS
UNLIMITED RAW MATERIAL
AND
GOOD FARMING LAND
Await development.

Commencement regarding locations are invited and will receive attention when addressed to any agent of the MAINE CENTRAL, or to
INDUSTRIAL BUREAU,
MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD,
PORTLAND, MAINE.

NEW PARLOR CAR SERVICE
BETWEEN PORTLAND AND BANGOR.

Beginning Monday, Sept. 27, a high grade, electrically lighted, buffet parlor car will be operated between Portland and Bangor via Brunswick, Augusta and Waterville.

This car to leave Portland daily, except Sunday, at 7 A. M.
Returning, to leave Bangor daily, except Sunday, at 8:25 P. M.

Beginning at the same time, the Boston & Maine R. R. will operate a sleeping car between Boston and Portland, leaving Boston for Portland in their newspaper train at 3:50 A. M. and returning from Portland at 1:15 A. M. daily, except Sunday morning from Boston and Sunday night (1:15 A. M.) from Portland.

This sleeping car will be opened and ready for occupancy at 9:30 P. M., both at Boston and at Portland, and passengers may occupy berths at either point until 7:30 A. M.

This arrangement will allow passengers from Bangor, branch and intermediate points east, to arrive at Portland at 8:25 P. M., in parlor car service, to retire at any time after 9:30 P. M., in sleeping car, parked in a quiet section of the Portland terminal station, which leaves Portland at 1:15 A. M. and to awake in the morning at the privilege of resting there until 7:30 A. M.

To the opposite direction, passengers may retire in the sleeping car at the North terminal station, Boston, at any time after 9:30 P. M., and arriving at Portland at 8:25 P. M., change into a parlor car serving breakfast, leaving Portland at 7:40 A. M. for points east to Bangor.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO READ THE ADVERTISEMENTS IN THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN.

POEMS WORTH READING

EACH DAY,
Each day I school myself to feel
That what I have and where I chance
to be
Is for my present growth and future weal
The best for me.

Each day I seek for higher, better paths
Than feet of mine have ever trod;
Paths nearer to my brother man
and closer God.

Each day I try to touch some burdened life
And by that touch to make it strong;
To add a little to the world's great good
And weaken wrong.

Each day—which means each moment mine
I turn to heavy tasks, or tasks made light,
And glory in the power that comes to him
Who works with might.

—O. W. Hendricks, from "The Front Rank."

THE LAND OF "PRETTY SOON,"
I know of a land where the streets are paved
With the things we meant to achieve,
It is walled with the money we meant to have saved
And the pleasures for which we grieve.

The kind words unspoken, the promises broken,
And many a coveted boon
Are stowed away there in that land
somewhere—
The land of "Pretty Soon."

There are uncut jewels of possible fame,
Lying about in the dust,
And many a noble and lofty aim
Covered with mold and rust.

And, oh, this place, while it seems so near,
Is further away than the moon!
Though our purpose is fair, yet we
never get there—
The land of "Pretty Soon."

It is further at noon than it is at dawn,
Further at night than at noon;
Oh! let us beware of that land down
there—
The land of "Pretty Soon."

—The King's Own.

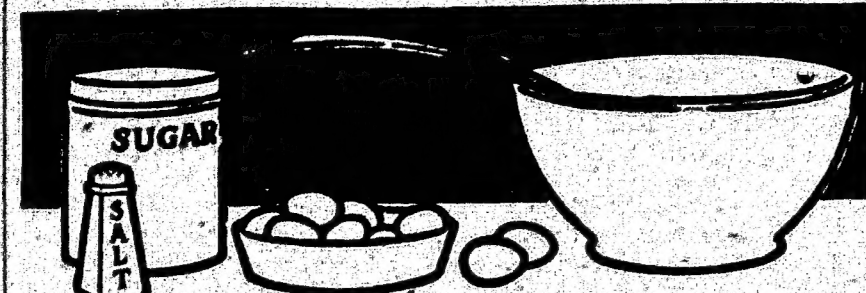
THE EVENING LAMP.
Of that small light far twinkling 'cross the delta,
Know ye the fannion or the tale it tell?
Though plain the source from which its beam expands,
Though trimmed and lighted by a woman's hands,
Brighter than Venus, now his course begun,
It shines, or ev'n the world illumines sun;
For those bright lamps, lit by celestial art,
May raise our wonder, but this warms the heart.

Could this small lamp in human language speak,
Thus might its voice the evening silence break:
"When Day retires, his brilliant journey past,
Dark on his rear the shadows falling fast—
A mother's love, with evening's care elate,
Me lights, and, placing in my humble state,
Hills through the night my twinkling lustre roam
To seek their paths and guide the absent home.

"And when I have to safely led her own,
The sire or child from country or the town,
Mark how my welcome faithful proves the while.
As brightly I return that mother's smile:
As freely I involve the greeting kiss,
And cheer affection on its way to bliss.

At evening meal I smile upon each face,
Which seems, responsive, to return the grace;
Thus round the board I brighter spirit wake,
E'en for the faint a sweeter relish make,
And, supper past, the mother's care to heat
From my same smile, and even the father's rest.

"Likewise the youngsters—playing, game or book,
And grandma knitting in her cozy nook,



Ready!
To make a "batch" of old-fashioned, wholesome, home-made bread, a nice light cake and perhaps a pie or two—the kind of good living that makes the family smile.
All from William Tell and all always good—because this is the all round flour that keeps the cook in a good humor.
Extra nutritious and goes farther—a secret of Ohio Red Winter Wheat and the special process of milling yours only in

William Tell Flour

nook,
If proudly now the parents view as kance
Such worthy scenes, I gild the mutual glance,
Or if pale sorrow stealing o'er their pride,
Points to the grave or dear ones roaming wide,
Ev'n in their tears I form the glistening share,
And light reflect to the vacant chair.

"And brightly, too, I illuminate the page
Where studious career and ambitious minds engage;
When they, when day's hard labors press no more,
For knowledge delve—by far the richest ore,
Learning as well the metal to refine
And mix with genius—native spark divine—
Whence rises oft to force the world's regard,
The prophet, statesman, orator or bard—
Thus proving clear how righteous is the claim
That evening lamps illumine the paths to fame.

"And evening now—by friends and neighbors graced,
More brightly trimmed, on the piano placed,
The daughter's servant, o'er the written part,
I guide the eye, while music warms the heart,
Or later on, as faithfully supply
My lustre for her choicer company:
As proudly there the cozy hour illumine,
Disclosing well her beauty's fairest bloom,
Bright'ning the pensive rapture of her eye,
Her coy demancer and her blushes shy—
As Cupid, pleading, bids her sweep away
The doubtful clouds, and name the bridal day.

"Thus having well the evening's beauty blest
Till eyelids weigh and Nature cries for rest,
A breath destroys me, and the home is given
To slumber's darkness and the care of Heaven."

John Chick Murray.

MAINE FAIR DATES.
Sept. 28-30—Exeter.
Sept. 28-30—Franklin County, Farmington.
Sept. 29-30—Andover.
Oct. 27—Fryeburg.
Oct. 27—Hartland.
Oct. 27—Shapleigh and Aston, Acton.

Oct. 12-14—Hagadahoe County, Topsfield.
Nov. 16-18—Maine State Poultry Association, Portland.
Nov. 30-Dec. 2—York County Poultry Association, Sanford.
Dec. 22-23—Berwick Poultry Association, Berwick.
Jan. 1916—Bangor Poultry Association, Bangor.
Jan. 4-6, 1916—Western Maine Poultry Association, South Paris.

A CLOGGED SYSTEM NEEDS ATTENTION
Are you bilious, dizzy and listless? Dr. King's New Life Pills taken at once solves upon constipation and starts the bowels moving naturally and easily. Moreover it is... (text continues)

There are many crossings which are now entirely obscured from the view of an approaching traveler, and which, if these trees and bushes were cut away, would be visible and recognizable.

If a traveler is unable to see that a crossing exists he will not exercise the same degree of care he would if he could readily determine that he was approaching a crossing. Oftentimes the sign erected by a railroad is gradually obscured by growing trees and bushes.

Timely Warning to Selectmen of Towns Concerning the Law—Several Deaths Caused by Neglect to Obey Law.

To the Municipal Officers of Maine cities and towns:
The Public Utilities Commission asks each newspaper in this State to call public attention to Chapter 177 of the Public Laws of 1912. That chapter provides in substance that in each city, town or plantation there shall be set aside 5 per cent of the money raised for ways and bridges, such 5 per cent to be used in cutting and removing trees, bushes and weeds which grow between the wrought part of the highway and the road limit. It is further provided that such work shall be done before the first day of October in each year, and that after it is once done the owner of the land shall keep trees, bushes and weeds cut down.

We realize that the Public Utilities Commission may not have authority to in any way indicate where such obstructions shall first be removed, but, in view of the fact that during this particular year far too many fatal accidents have occurred upon railroad crossings, we urge upon Selectmen to commence the expenditure of such money at places where steam or electric railroads cross highways at grade, in order that travelers upon the highways and engineers and motormen upon railways may be given as full opportunity as possible each to see the other in time to avoid accidents.

There are many crossings which are now entirely obscured from the view of an approaching traveler, and which, if these trees and bushes were cut away, would be visible and recognizable.

The railroads and the public cannot immediately discontinue the many hundreds of grade crossings which exist in

NORTH NEWRY.
Mr. Owen P. Smith of Mexico, Me., was a dinner guest at L. E. Wight's, Friday.

Bert Harlow and D. G. Smith were cutting bushes in this end of the town one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Wight, F. W. Wight and Mrs. S. A. Wheeler took an auto trip to So. Paris, Wednesday. Mrs. Wheeler was on her way to her home. She intended to make a short visit at Paris before leaving for Walham, Mass.

Mrs. Wilfred Parker of No. Chester-ville was a recent guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Kilgore.

A. C. Littlehale, E. R. Barnes and Leslie Corbett have gone to the Lakes for a few days.

Circle supper at Barnes' Hall, Thursday night from six until eight o'clock. The program for the evening will be in the hands of the teachers, Miss Kendall and Miss Baker. This will probably be the last supper in the hall for this season, so let's have a good attendance.

Don't forget the Opening Display at L. M. STEARNS'.

WEST GREENWOOD.
Joe Deegan returned to Berlin, Sunday, after spending two weeks' with his mother.

Mrs. Joseph Harrington and little son went to Portland, Saturday, returning Monday.

Mrs. Winnie Thomas is spending a few days with her mother, Mrs. Richard Haddigan.

Millinery display Sept. 29, 30. L. M. STEARNS'.

CUT BUSHES AWAY FROM CROSSINGS SAYS COMMISSION.

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There are many crossings which are now entirely obscured from the view of an approaching traveler, and which, if these trees and bushes were cut away, would be visible and recognizable.

If a traveler is unable to see that a crossing exists he will not exercise the same degree of care he would if he could readily determine that he was approaching a crossing. Oftentimes the sign erected by a railroad is gradually obscured by growing trees and bushes.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hatcher*
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
900 Drops
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assuaging the Bowels and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN.
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotics.
NOT NARCOTIC.
A Periodic Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Facsimile Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hatcher*
THE CASTORIA COMPANY, NEW YORK.
At 6 months' old 55 Doses—35 CENTS
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

IRA C. JORDAN
DEALER IN
General Merchandise and Grain
BETHEL, MAINE

W. J. WHEELER M. A. BAKER STANLEY M. WHEELER

W. J. WHEELER & CO.
INSURANCE

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION IN FIRST CLASS COMPANIES

HIGH GRADE PIANOS @ PLAYER PIANOS
SOLD ON EASY TERMS SEND FOR CATALOGUES

BILLINGS BLOCK. SOUTH PARIS, ME.

Freeland Howe Insurance Agency
Insurance that Insures.

Fire, Life, Health and Accident, Automobile, Plate Glass, Steam Boiler, Liability and Burglary Insurance.

Fidelity and Surety Bonds.

Stuart W. Goodwin, Agent,
NORWAY Tel. 124-4 MAINE

In at least two instances accidents have occurred, resulting in the loss of several human lives, which need not have been sacrificed if the trees and bushes along the highways had not existed.

We also ask the railroads to co-operate with the Selectmen in every possible way in removing from their own rights of way at crossings all things that obstruct the view of the individual operating the train or car.

The railroads and the public cannot immediately discontinue the many hundreds of grade crossings which exist in

Assist Your Stomach

To Get Rid of the Poisonous Gases and Fermenting Food.

A good long fast will do this sometimes. A trip to the mountains. Tramping. Roughing it. Yes, very good remedies. But are you going to avail yourself of either one of these remedies. No? Then the next best thing is to try a bottle of Castoria. You will have a natural appetite. All gas and fermentation in the stomach will disappear.

Read what Mrs. Emma Bell, Box 284, Fort Pierce, Florida, says: "I was taken suddenly with swelling of the stomach and bowels, and great distress. Very painful. Three doctors gave me no relief. Could not eat anything. Everything soured. I was starving to death. I began taking Castoria and was soon strong enough to do work. After taking five bottles I can truthfully say I am well. I gained twenty pounds."

INEFFICIENCY IN GOVERNMENT.
Continued from page 1.

placed in the hands of a small number of men, the canal enterprise attains practically the same results as are evidenced everywhere in the conduct of management of big business. Colonel Goethals and his assistants at Panama required only the aid of the United States Treasury—they did the rest.

Secretary Lane, no doubt, figured it out that in surmounting the great obstacle to be encountered in Alaska the best results may be obtained by delegating authority to a commission located "the job"—and with these men so far away from Congress and favored by the long winters during which they are practically out of touch with the capital, great things may be done.

Although the United States has owned Alaska for half a century, this neglect of the rights of the citizens of the great region is emphasized by the fact that only a few townships in Alaska have been surveyed.

While the development of Alaska along new lines has been "near and dear" to the hearts of Congressmen, yet the amount invested in the great fishing industry of this rich possession declined nearly a million and a quarter dollars in the year ending with 1913.

In the 1914 report of the Secretary of Agriculture emphasis is laid on the fact that "this great industry demands the protecting care of the Federal Government. It has been and still is the victim of neglect, waste and spoliation, and these conditions are principally attributable to the insufficiency of funds to employ the necessary personnel enforce laws and regulations for the protection of the fisheries and for the proper supervision and extension."

The Army, Navy, Interior Department, and special agents of the government have demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt that the Alaska coal fields have an enormous extent and that the quality of the coal is excellent. Yet, at the very outset of the European war the people of Alaska were uncomfortably reminded that their principal dependence for coal was upon British Columbia, and in view of the manner in which the native coal of the region has been tied up by the Washington government, the Alaska coal reason for the genuine alarm with which they partitioned to the nation government to supply their immediate needs.

In his analysis of the subject, under the title of "Red Tape in the Government of Alaska," Secretary Lane says: "It has taken as long as a year for a patent to be issued to a desired land claims in Alaska, after final certificate was issued, merely because of the lengthy procedure involved in securing the proper filing of papers. In filling a homestead note, the homesteader in Alaska on average had must make his claim and in his notice describe by metes and bounds and with reference to government monuments, trees, rivers, and permanent landmarks. The note is filed with the recorder of the county, the homesteader must then apply to the surveyor general, who is at Juneau, for a survey. There is not a contest or protest, the surveyor general appoints a survey to make a survey of the homestead claim. This survey is made at the expense of the homesteader." A long process of proceedings follows, and there are cases in the Interior Department where the homesteader has paid as much as \$500 for his survey—a duty paid by the government itself.

As illustrating the division of authority that crops up in all affairs connected with Alaska, Secretary Lane offers the case of the black and brown bears.

"An amusing, and, to some extent, troublesome conflict of authority

Assist Your Stomach

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A good long fast will do this sometimes. A trip to the mountains, tramping, roughing it, yes, very good remedies. But are you going to avail yourself of either one of these remedies? No. Then the next best thing is to try a bottle of Peruna. Take it according to directions. You will have a natural appetite. All gas and fermentation in the stomach will disappear.

Read what Mrs. Emma Bell, Box 204, Fort Pierce, Florida, says: "I was taken suddenly with swelling of the stomach and bowels, and great distress. Very painful. Three doctors gave me no relief. Could not eat anything. Everything soured. I was starving to death. I began taking Peruna and was soon strong enough to do work. After taking five bottles I can truthfully say I am well. I gained twenty pounds."

INEFFICIENCY IN GOVERNMENT

Continued from page 1.

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Although the United States has owned Alaska for half a century, this neglect of the rights of the citizens of that great region is emphasized by the fact that only a few townships in Alaska have been surveyed.

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In his analysis of the subject, under the title of "Red Tape in the Government of Alaska," Secretary Lane says: "It has taken as long as three years for a patent to be issued to un-dermined land claims in Alaska, after final certificate was issued, merely because of the lengthy procedure involved in securing the proper filing out of papers. In filing a homestead notice, the homesteader in Alaska on an average must make his claim, and in his notice describe by metes and bounds and with reference to government monuments, trees, rivers, or other permanent landmarks. The notice is filed with the recorder of the district; the homesteader must then go to the surveyor general, whose office is at Juneau, for a survey. If there is not a contest or protest, the surveyor general appoints a surveyor to make a survey of the homestead claim. This survey is made at the cost of the homesteader." A long process of proceedings follows, and there are taxes in the Interior Department where the homesteader has paid as much as \$750 for his survey—a duty plainly exacted by the government itself.

As illustrating the division of authority that crops up in all affairs in connection with Alaska, Secretary Lane cites the case of the black and brown bears.

"An amusing, and, to some extent, troublesome conflict of authority has

been occasioned," he said, "by the law making the brown bear a game animal, under the control of the Department of Agriculture, while the black bear is recognized by law as a fur-bearing animal under the jurisdiction of the Department of Commerce. The question has more than once come up for judicial consideration, whether every brown bear is a game animal, even if its parents are black. The law is ambiguous, but was intended to afford protection to the great brown bear or Kodiak bear, and did not take cognizance that in a litter of black bears one cub may be black and another brown. In other words, a brown bear is not necessarily the brown bear."

Mr. Lane declares that "while this patchwork system of administration machinery" has answered well enough while the government policy has been merely to keep the door shut and discourage development, it will not answer in the future.

A great boon is promised our patient ward, which has been exploited, plundered, pillaged, and it is very probable that such a commission form as has been proposed will be able to intelligently discharge the obligations imposed upon it. With Congress itself so far away, it may prove wonderfully efficient, inasmuch as, after all, independent of the new government railroad, its officers will be called upon to exercise control over, rather than manage the affairs of the Alaskans.

The terrible slaughter which in the five years between 1870 and 1875 permitted an estimated annual destruction of the buffalo herds of America to the extent of 2,500,000; is paralleled in the butchery of the seals off Alaska's coast. The best official authority states that the Pribilof Islands at one time contained from four to fifteen million seals, distributed on from twenty to thirty rookeries. At the close of the season of 1911, Alaskan seal herds consisted of not more than 150,000 individual seals. In the earlier indiscriminate slaughter of the seals, the excuse rested on the lack of international treaties and agreements, as the fleets of the Japanese, the Russians and the Americans descended upon the rookeries when the seals had returned to the barren rocks of Pribilof.

It is the habit of the female seals, upon leaving the islands late each fall, to go further south than the males of the herd. By December they arrive off the southern coast of California, where they remain until March and then begin their long return journey, reaching the rocks of St. George and St. Paul, described in Kipling's "Three Sealers," early in June. On their own islands they are now fairly well protected by laws of the United States—and this is well, for we learn that from habits the old bulls crawl upon their rocks in May and remain without eating or drinking, living on the great amount of fat they have stored up, while at sea, until July or August. The feeding grounds of the seals are fully one hundred miles away on the submerged plateaus and islands known as banks, situated on the northern side of the Aleutian chain.

The seals in obeying the universal instinct of self preservation, established their retreat far away from their feeding grounds and there they thrived and prospered and grew, until they were found out. The wanton slaughter that took place on the islands was followed by the scourge of pelagic sealing. The responsibility belongs to the United States. As the American seals made their annual migration by swimming from the Behring Sea to California, they were intercepted by white hunters who came with rifles and shotguns and promoted a "carnival of ruin," as it has been graphically described, which has continued almost up to the present time. Hundreds of vessels and several thousand men scattered themselves over a wide area on the sea to intercept the migrating seals off California or Oregon, and followed them into the Behring Sea, spearing or shooting every seal that was in reach. Then they proceeded to the Behring Sea itself, there to kill the seal on their way to and from the feeding grounds.

This thing continued year after year and became a reproach to civilization. The parentage and responsibility of the United States was invoked, and again Uncle Sam "ducked" and gave to contractors the right to continue the slaughter. During the history of a half century, the task of caring for the seals might just as well have been made the mission of a few hundreds of men who came to and went from Washington wanting much of their time because "they could find nothing to do."

MOTHERS—

WATCH IRRITABLE CHILDREN!

That fever, paleness, grinding of teeth while asleep, and coated tongue are indications that your child has worms in its system. Kleenapex Worm Killer quickly gets rid of these parasites. It is perfectly safe for even the most delicate children. It is pleasant to take has three effective medicinal qualities—acts as a laxative, expels the worms, and tones up the system. Begin treatment today and eliminate the cause of irritability. 25c. Adv.

Dr. Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY

his real cause of Kidney and Blood troubles, by restoring right action of Stomach, Liver and Bowels, overcoming indigestion and constipation dangers (Auto-Intoxication); thus Kidneys and Bladder are aided, the blood purified. Unbroken record of wonderful success.

Write Kennedy Co., Rondout, N. Y., for free trial. Large bottles, all druggists.

PARK RANGERS

GOOD SCOUTS.

Col. Brett, U. S. A., Describes Qualifications and Duties Necessary to the Care of Our National Parks.

"To be able to render the best service in patrolling, the park ranger must be properly armed, mounted, and clothed. He must feel that his weapons are superior to those in the hands of any outlaw to whom he may be opposed; his mount must be swifter, and his clothing adequate to protect him against the rigors of the climate of his locality."

Thus spoke Col. L. M. Brett, U. S. A., superintendent of the Yellowstone, at the recent National Parks Conference at Berkeley, Cal. Col. Brett is one of the most experienced Indian fighters in the national service.

"A park ranger about to start on his journey, in addition to his arms, horse, and equipment, should have a piece of canvas with which he can make a canvas shelter effective against any weather, rations ample for the journey, cooking utensils, field glasses, a map of his park and contiguous territory, compass, notebook and pencil, ax, first-aid packet, and telephone list. As soon as he leaves the ranger station he becomes a scout who must oppose his wife and energy against those whose life is spent in the open among the wild animals and who have taken from these animals those characteristics that we know are possessed by the fox, the coyote, the timber wolf, and the mountain lion. He who rides the trail in a perfunctory and aimless manner is but a joke to such men."

"To cope with such people he must learn from the Indian, who avails himself of every sign and indication that nature or wild life can give. The Indian never places himself upon the sky line until he is thoroughly satisfied that there is nothing within the range of vision to detect him. He will lie sometimes for an hour with his head against a bush, field glasses to his eyes, and scan the country, and then again scan it, for any sign of human life or for any movement among the wild animals which indicates the stranger in their midst."

"The scout does not remain on the trail that has been beaten by somebody else—his enemy would not be there—but he is taking advantage of every inequality of the ground, of swale and the crevices, the branches of trees along the stream banks, and the shady side of every ridge, observing carefully for indications of trails, fresh signs of horse, or any imprint of the foot. His eye must be so trained that even the bending of the grass would tell him a story and would arouse his suspicion."

"He should never build a fire by daylight in the country where he has reason to believe the enemy may be lurking. At night, in some canyon or in some sheltered spot where the blaze can be seen but a very few feet, he can build his small fire and cook his food for the evening and the next day. It is well for him to have enough food cooked ahead so that he can remain on the trail, or in pursuit of an enemy, for 48 hours, without having to stop to cook."

"In his moments of leisure when resting he should make careful notes of all that he sees and anything out of the ordinary that he can not understand should be carefully described so that he may present this to his superior officer on his return for interpretation. Where he is called to points remote from his usual patrol route he should indicate such a journey on his map by use of his compass. He should be careful to note the condition of the animals and whenever possible to count those of the different species for the information of headquarters."

"Any indication of sickness among the animals is of the greatest importance and should be reported at once, because epidemics are almost as frequent among animals as among human beings. Interference in any way, shape, or manner with the natural formations should be reported. Dead fish on the surface of the water is a dangerous symptom and would indicate fishing by use of explosives; and generally speaking, any indication that nature or any of her creatures has been disturbed should be given the closest scrutiny and reported to the officer in charge. "Men who will lend themselves con-

scientiously to this work are not common, and in their training it is of the greatest importance that their faculties of observation be cultivated to the extreme limit. These men must feel a pride in the work and strive to have their section the very best patrolled one within the park. We will not get a force sufficiently educated along the lines that I have indicated unless we all unite in systematic work and instruction, which can not be too comprehensive nor too painstaking."

AMERICANS SAVING CASH.

National Parks Conservation for Those Accustomed to Summer Abroad. Our Millions Kept at Home. New York Financier Estimates that in Normal Years Americans Spend up to Half a Billion Abroad.

In a recent interview with Frank, the K. Lane, Secretary of the Interior, expressed himself as gratified with the public interest in the development of our great National Parks. "The number of visitors has been steadily increasing," he said, "but this summer's travel will be far ahead of other seasons. As the magnitude, beauty, and healthfulness of the parks are better understood it may be expected that the yearly travel to them will rapidly increase. Thus, the damage caused by the war is being neutralized by inducing Americans to spend money at home. The whole country is the gain or by this intermingling of the people of the East and the West."

Secretary Lane's modest estimate of "at least a hundred million dollars" that Americans are saving to America this year, is, indeed, conservative in comparison with the figures compiled by Lockwood Barr, editor of the Wall Street Journal, who finds that the 600,000 Americans who go abroad each normal year spend, in passage money alone, nearly \$87,000,000. Most of the steamship lines, of course, are foreign.

"It is quite impossible," he continues, "to get even a fair approximation of the amount of money tourists spend while abroad in hotel bills, railroad, steamboat, and other forms of transportation, gratuities, etc. An estimate by one who comes in contact with a representative part of the regular summer exodus of Americans to Europe places the amount of money spent in this wise at a very conservative minimum of \$220,000,000."

"The foregoing figures do not take into account the money spent here and there for souvenirs, gifts for those 'back home,' articles of wearing apparel, etc., which travelers in all three classes are prone to indulge in to greater or lesser extent. From the earnest sightseer who has saved up \$250 to \$300 to lavish on a trip of five to six weeks' duration, to the substantial middle-class traveler who can afford to spend from \$800 to \$1,500, and even \$2,000, in the course of a six to eight weeks' peregrination on the Continent, not one seems to be immune from the temptation to buy."

"And then there is the traveler who approaches the millionaire stage of worldly wealth, who, if those who have a knowledge of the American of this class abroad are to be believed, spend a small fortune for incidental things ranging all the way from clothing to jewelry and minor art objects."

"United States imports of art objects, measured over the past few years, have averaged about \$10,000,000 annually. In what are known as boom years, importations have gone as high as \$20,000,000."

"It would be quite impossible to get even a fair estimate of the money spent for such things—as difficult, in fact, as it would be to estimate the expenditures of millionaires who list themselves and their families out at the fashion centers of Europe, and whose purchases of art and historic objects may measure up to a \$100,000 marble parties, or \$500,000 for the whole side of an ancient dwelling."

"It is not inconceivable that the class of travelers made up of multi-millionaires alone, if they were particularly extravagant and gratified too many of their whims, might spend in these ways enough to bring up the total easily to the \$500,000,000 mark. Of course, nothing approaching this saving is being spent on American scenery this summer. At least, however, it is being kept in America."

RESPONSIBILITY.

It's not an excuse as he says. His little hours are short. A man must labor when he has an auto to support.

Coughs
Kill If You Let Them.
Instead kill your cough with DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY. It kills Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat and Lung. Thousands are cured 40 years of age.

Dr. King's New Discovery
Money Back If It Fails
All Druggists 50c. and \$1.00

The "Nitt" Nott Got.

John Nott could not knit, so he invented a knitter which would knit and which Nott called the "Nitt knitter." But the "Nitt knitter" could not knit a knot, and Nott therefore had to tie the knots which the "Nitt knitter" could not knit. But one day Nott, while not tying knots for the "Nitt knitter," invented an attachment for the "Nitt knitter" which could knit knots and which he called the "Nott knitter." And when the "Nott knitter" was attached to the "Nitt knitter" the "Nott knitter" would knit the knots which the "Nitt knitter" could not knit. And not a knitter could knit knots like the knots that Nott knit with the "Nitt knitter" for the "Nott knitter."

Then Nott fell in love with a knitter who knitted knots with the "Nott knitter" for the "Nitt knitter," and he asked her not to knit knots any longer, but be a Nott forever. But the knitter said "Nitt"—Ladies' Home Journal.

The Valiant Eagle.

The eagle has been used as a device on royal banners from very remote times. It was the ensign of the ancient kings of Persia and of Babylon. The Romans adopted various other figures on their camp standards, but Marcus made the eagle the chief ensign of the legions, and to the subordination assigned various other figures. Constantine was the first emperor to introduce the two headed eagle as a royal or national device to indicate that his empire had two heads or kings, but was nevertheless one body or empire. The two headed eagle is now used to signify a double empire. Austria claims to be the successor of the Caesars of Rome, and also of Charlemagne, and the one head represents the eastern and the other the western empire. Russia also has a double headed eagle, having added that of Poland to her own.—London Standard.

Evolution of the Checker.

That formidable person, the chancellor of the exchequer, who loyally tells in the house of commons today, draws his lofty lineage from the reign of Henry III. Henry, thinking it desirable that the lord high treasurer should be provided with a guardian, gave him one in the name of a "checker." This checker, keeping his name, has now become the cornerstone of the treasury edifice. The lord high treasurer disappeared with the Duke of Shrewsbury, whom Queen Anne appointed a few days before her death. It was George I. who put the office of lord high treasurer in commission in 1714, and in commission it has since remained. Five persons have the honor—the first lord, three junior lords and the chancellor. But the chancellor proved too strong for all of them, and the board, once a reality, has, like the board of trade, long since ceased to meet.—London Chronicle.

Seventeen Year Locusts.

The song of the cicada is the noisiest in the insect world. The seventeen year cicada has been called the Rip Van Winkle of the insect world. From its tiny eggs there issues a creature with soft white body and mole-like front legs. It hurries to the ground and disappears beneath its surface sometimes to a depth of twenty feet. For seventeen years it digs its way around in absolute darkness and then comes to the surface to join in a marriage revelry of a few brief weeks. It is a full bodied creature of the air, though encased still in gray clothes of parchment, but it soon splits these up the back, pulls itself out, dries its powerful wings and flies away with the whir of an aeroplane to live but a few brief weeks.—National Geographic Society Bulletin.

Advice From Mark Twain.

There is a gem in a letter from Mark Twain to Will M. Clemens, who wanted some advice: "How can I advise another man wisely out of such a capital as a life filled with mistakes? Advise him how to avoid the like? No, for opportunities to make the same mistakes do not happen to any two men. Your own experiences may possibly teach you, but another man's can't. I do not know anything for a person to do but just peg along, doing the things that offer and regretting them the next day. It is my way and everybody's."—New York Mail.

Things Men Hate to Do.

To go shopping with women.
To sit for a portrait.
To carry home bundles.
To tell the boys "I can't tonight."
To wheel the baby carriage.
To seem to be thoughtful.
To kiss his wife or mother in public.
—New York Mail.

Garlic For Wasp Stings.

The inhabitants of French Switzerland and Savoy rub a crushed clove of garlic upon a spot that has been stung by a wasp or a bee. According to Professor Mermod of Lausanne, this makes the swelling go down and takes away the pain.

Mistaken.

"I called, Mrs. Jims, to take my ring."
"Well, you won't get it, for we never had nothing like that of yours here."
—Baltimore American.

A Costly Street.

The biggest sum ever spent in improving one street was 70,000,000 francs, laid out on the Rue de Rivoli, Paris.

An imperturbable demeanor comes from perfect patience.

ENERGY IN ATOMS

Likened to Infinite Power In an Infinitesimal Space.

EACH ONE IS A TINY WORLD.

If All Should Burst Their Walls at Once the Universe Would Dissolve In an Instant—A Magic Force That Science Is Seeking to Control.

Do you remember when Aladdin had, at last, got down into the cave under the tree, what inexpressible marvels he found around him? But among all the riches of the cave there was only one little dust covered thing that was really worth the risk he had run, because it alone was truly novel and unlike anything else in the world—the necromantic lamp that had the genie for its slave. With that in his possession the poor boy was more powerful than all the monarchs in the world—provided that he knew how to handle the lamp, and that knowledge came to him by accident.

I have just been pondering over some statements by Jean Becquerel, the French physicist, about the contents of the atoms of which matter is composed, and they have forcibly recalled Aladdin's adventures to my mind. The interior of an atom is a little world infinitely more marvelous than the cave that contained the magic lamp, and it conceals powers incomparably greater than that of Aladdin's good genie.

To the scientific imagination the inside of an atom is inversely as wondrous as the starry heavens. It is infinite power packed into infinitesimal space. That, of course, is an exaggeration; but this is a case in which one has to speak in imposing figures, because the facts surpass all ordinary experience.

"The atom," says Jean Becquerel, "is a closed world, or almost closed, and it is that fact which constitutes its individuality."

This "closed world" of the atom is so small that if we could increase the powers of our microscope a thousandfold we could not render it visible, and yet that minute speck of matter encloses a "solar system" as elaborate as that of the great sun with its planets, and keeps locked up there an energy so colossal that the plainest statements of fact that can be made about it seem like wild dreams.

"The emanation from radium" (a substance whose atoms spontaneously give out at least a part of their energy) "is capable of liberating 2,500,000 times more energy than the most violent chemical reaction known."

The world within the atom ordinarily behaves as if it had no concern with the world outside. It is sufficient unto itself. It is a little medieval China, with closed ports and insurmountable walls all round. Still, a very few atoms, like those of radium, have a tendency to communicate with the outer world by a kind of explosion.

If all atoms should burst their walls simultaneously the whole universe would be dissolved in an instant.

The atoms that do disintegrate pass from change to change. Within their limits the foundations of matter are broken up; the distinctions of the fundamental elements are confounded; things lose their nature and shift into other things; uranium gives birth to radium and to polonium; radium brings forth helium, and the last transformation of polonium that has thus far been observed is into plain lead. It is like a transmutation of atomic souls.

But this is not the only consequence of the opening of the world of the atom. That opening releases energy in forms which we can recognize and which some day perhaps we may be able to utilize.

Atomic energy is the magic lamp that the Aladdin of science has found in nature's secret cave.

One day Aladdin's mother found the rusty lamp where he had cast it aside as useless and thought that she would polish it up. Instantly, at the first vigorous rub, the slave of the lamp stood before her, ready to do her bidding!

The Aladdin of science has not thrown his lamp aside. He knows it is full of magic. He is sure that if he rubs it aright the genie will appear before him, but he has not yet learned the right stroke. And perhaps after all it will be with him as it was with the other Aladdin—accident will teach him the secret.

When that day comes, if ever it does, there will hardly be any limit to the transforming power of man over the world he lives in.—Garrett P. Serviss in New York Journal.

Warned Against Coffee.

Once upon a time people wanted a wide prohibition of coffee. In his book, "London in English Literature," Percy B. Sherrington says of the old coffee houses:

"As the number of them increased broadsides appeared against them. One was entitled 'The Woman's Petition Against Coffee,' and it asserted that coffee drinking encouraged idling and talkativeness and led men to trifle away their time, scold their wives and spend their money, all for a little black, thick, stinky, bitter, nauseous puddle water!"

Transposed.

He—Then my welfare is of no interest to you? She—Not so much as your farewell would be, Mr. Smithers.—Pittion Transcript.

We shall never find the situation where courage and cheerfulness will not avail us more than replying.

PORTEOUS, MITCHELL & BRAUN CO. Portland, Maine

Portland's Shopping and Amusement Week commences on Saturday, Oct. 2nd
 to continue to and include Saturday, Oct. 9th—There will be an extraordinary
 program of Free Entertainments—Do not fail to come some day during the week—it
 will surely pay you.

Here We Offer Special Values for the Whole Week

FREE THEATRE TICKETS

All customers at this store during Shopping and Amusement Week will be entitled to free coupon tickets, based upon the amount purchased. These tickets will be accepted at their full value at any Portland theatre.

And remember—every reduction is made from our own regular low selling price—and every line offered is new and clean and in latest style for this Fall and Winter seasons.

Space will not permit of long descriptions of goods but every line of the following is important—read every line—for it means an opportunity for you to save money on goods you need—now.

P., M. & B. CO.

Shopping Week Begins Saturday, Oct. 2nd and Ends Saturday, Oct. 9th

Dress Goods, Silks

All wool Serges, 40 inch, new Fall shades, 50c at 38c
 48 inch Gabardines, new Fall shades, 75c at 48c
 48 inch Serges, all Fall shades, our 75c grade 58c
 All wool Gabardines, all Fall shades, 75c at 58c
 48 inch Gabardines, all Fall shades, 1.25 at 98c
 Silk and Wool Poplins, black and colors, \$1.00 at 78c
 36 inch Messaline Silks, black and colors, 98c at 78c
 Crepe de Chine, all silk, 40 inch, all shades, \$1.00 at 83c
 Crepe de Chine and Charmeuse and Failles, \$2.00 at \$1.68
 36 inch Black Chiffon Taffetas, Messalines, \$1.00 at 78c
 36 inch Black Chiffon Taffetas, Messalines, \$1.25 at 98c

Men's Goods

Men's Pajamas, outing flannel, \$1.00 grade, at 78c
 Men's Cotton Shirts and Drawers, heavy, 50c each 38c
 Men's Cotton Union Suits, two thread, \$1.00 grade, at 78c
 Men's Black Cashmere Hose, our 25c grade, pair 18c
 Men's Pure Silk Hose, double soles, \$1.00 grade, at 78c
 Men's Cotton Night Shirts, also Outing flannel, 75c grade, at 58c
 Ladies' Colored Silk Umbrellas, \$2.50 quality, at \$1.95

Handkerchiefs, Ribbons

Ladies' Plain Linen Handkerchiefs, 12 1-2c ones, at 9c
 Men's Plain Linen Handkerchiefs, 12 1-2c ones, at 9c
 7 inch Moire Ribbons, all colors, 39c grade, yd 21c

Ladies' Gloves

One clasp Capekin Gloves, P. & M. sewn, \$1.00 pr., at 88c
 One clasp French Lambkin Gloves, \$1.25 value, pr., \$1.00

Dress Trimmings

Rosebud Trimmings, six colorings, 25c value, yd 18c
 Net top Laces, white and cream, new, 50c goods, yd 35c
 Hamburg Edges, Swiss, Lawn, Cambric, 25c ones, yd 19c
 Fur Trimmings, our regular 50c and 65c grades, yd 25c
 Fur Trimmings, our regular 89c grade, at per yard 50c
 Fur Trimmings, our regular 1.25 and 1.50 grades, yard 75c
 Fur Trimmings, our regular 2.00 grade, at per yard 1.00

Jewelry, Leather, Toilet Goods

World Eight Day Alarm Clocks, our 2.50 grade, at 1.65
 Solid Gold Pendants and Chains, 1.50 boxes, at, each 89c
 Leather Hand Bags and Pocket Books, 1.50 value, at 1.00
 Hughes Ideal Hair Brushes, bristles, 1.00 values, 65c
 Hot Water Bottles, 2 and 3 quart capacity, 1.00 ones, 55c
 24 Correspondence Cards and 24 Envelopes, 19c boxes, 11c

Ladies' Apparel

Fall and Winter Suits, serges, poplins, 17.50, at 12.50
 Fall and Winter Suits, many styles, 22.50, at 17.50
 New Coats, plain colors, mixtures, 15.00 Coats, 10.75
 Winter Coats, plain and fancy mixtures, 20.00, at 14.75
 Wool Skirts, serges and mixtures, 5.00 ones, 2.98
 Mercerized Petticoats, 4 styles, 7 colors, 1.00 ones, 68c
 Silk Petticoats, Taffeta, Fall colorings, each 1.95
 Wool Sweaters, new collar, Fall shades, 5.00, at 3.65
 Crepe de Chine Waists, 4 new styles, special, 2.98
 Tub Silk Waists, first time shown, special, 1.98
 House Dresses, gingham, percale, new, 98c, at 68c
 Kimona Aprons, full length, wide, special, 38c

Children's Coats

Coats of Chincheilla, Corduroy, Mixtures, etc., box or belted effect, values up to 8.50, at, each 2.98
 Coats of Chincheilla, Zebeline, Mixtures, etc., regulation or belted style, values up to 10.00, at 5.00

Corsets—New Models

La Resistia Corsets, medium bust, long skirt, 3.50, at 1.95
 Willobona Corsets, for medium figures, 1.50 value, at 98c

Muslin Underwear

Ladies' Night Gowns, high and V necks, 75c value, at 59c
 Slip-on Night Gowns, all styles, trimmed, 1.50 ones, at 1.28
 Combinations, Drawer and Corset Cover, 1.50 ones, at 1.28
 Envelope Chemises, dainty, lace styles, 1.50 ones, at 1.28
 Flannellette Night Gowns, white and striped, 1.00 ones, at 88c

Hosiery—Underwear

Ladies' pure thread Silk Hose, black, colors, 25c pair, 18c
 Ingrain Silk Hose, black, white, colors, 1.50 to 2.00, at 95c
 Maco Cotton Hose, medium weight, black, 25c, at 18c
 Ladies' Silk and Wool Vests and Pants, 1.00 and 1.50, at 68c
 Silk and Wool Vests and Pants, fine, 1.00 and 1.50, at 68c
 Fleece Vests and Pants, truck stitch, 50c grade, at 28c
 Women's Boots, black calf, Kid, Patent, 3.00 values, at 1.98

Specials in Shoes

Women's Boots, black calf and Patent, 3.50 to 4.50, at 2.78
 Children's Boots, black calf, Kid, Patent, 1.75 ones, pr., 1.38
 Misses' Boots, black calf, Kid, Patent, 2.00 values, at 1.58
 Boy's Boots, black calf bluchers, 2.75 values, at 2.25
 Our expert fitters are at your service.

Curtains

Marquiesette or Serim Curtains, 1.50 value, pair 98c
 Voile Curtains, flit insertions, 2.50 and 3.00, pair 1.98
 French Lacet Arabian Curtains, 4.00 values, pair 2.98
 French Velour Portieres, reversible, 22.50, a pair 15.00

Curtain Goods

Marquiesettes, white, cream, Arab, 25c goods, yard 18c
 Curtain Madras, cream color, 45 inch, 50c goods, yard 35c
 Velton Cloth, printed, for overdraperies, etc., 75c, at yd. 38c
 Fancy-Cretannes, printed crash, etc., 35c to 50c, at yard 25c
 Matting Utility Boxes, good size, well made, 3.00, at 2.48
 Couch Covers, tapestry, full size, 3.50 values, each 2.78
 Framed Pictures, many subjects, 75c values, each 50c
 Traveling Bags, Ladies' or Men's, 7.50 values, each 2.98

Floor Coverings

Axminster Rugs, 9 by 12 feet, 20.00 values, each 14.75
 Wilton Velvet Rugs, 9 by 12 feet, 22.50 Rugs, at 16.75
 Axminster Rugs, seamless, 9 by 12 feet, 25.00 ones, 19.75
 Axminster Rugs, 36x72 inch, 3.50 and 4.00 values, 2.98
 Axminster Rugs, 27x54 inch, our 1.98 value, each 1.68
 Inlaid Linoleums, hardwood, tile, 75c, at sq. yd. 62c
 Printed Linoleums, thirty patterns, 50c, at sq. yd. 44c

Linens—Beddings

Damask Cloths, 81 by 81 inch, 8.50 value, each 5.00
 (6.00 Napkins to match at 4.00 doz.)
 72 inch Damask, extra weight, 1.25 value, a yd 1.08
 Damask Cloths, 64x64 inch, our 1.50 cloths, each 1.28
 Irish Damask Napkins, 22x23 inch, 6.00 doz., at, doz 4.00
 Damask Napkins, all linen, 22x22 inch, 2.50 doz, at, doz 2.18
 Turkish Bath Towels, large size, white, 39c ones, each 29c
 Turkish Bath Towels, medium size colored ends, 25c, at 19c
 Wool Blankets, white, colored borders, 5.00 pair, at 4.28
 Woolen Blankets, white or grey, cotton, 1.75 pair, at 1.48
 Satin Bed Spreads, double bed size, hemmed, 3.00, at 2.48
 White Crochet Bed Spreads, double bed size, 1.50, at 1.28
 Anchor Sheets, double bed size, extra quality, 82c, at 69c
 Welded Seam Sheets, 72x90 inch, our 50c grade, at 42c
 Pillow Cases, fine cotton, size 42x36 inches, 12 1-2c ones, 11c
 Pillow Cases, good grade cotton, 3 inch hems, each 15c
 Linen Dresser Scarfs, cluny trimmings, 1.50 ones, at 1.28

Books

Boy Scout Series of Books, clothbound, 15c books, 9c
 Encyclopedias, 12 volume set, illustrated, 12.50 a set, 8.98

PORTEOUS, MITCHELL & BRAUN COMPANY

Portland, Maine.

WEST BETHEL ORANGE FAIR.

Continued from page 1.

ered handkerchief; Mrs. Stephen Westleigh, spread 35 years old; 2 pieces hand made hair work by Mrs. Mary Paine and owned by Miss Marion Means; Allen Barker, sampler, embroidered doll; Mrs. Anne McLean, embroidered pillow; Mrs. A. J. Goodridge, embroidered pillow; West Bethel Union Chapel Aid Society, blanket quilt; Mrs. N. M. Scribner, 5 patch work quilt; Mrs. L. E. Allen, 3 patch work quilt; 3 striped rug, patch work quilt laid up by Mrs. Sarah Barker 45 years ago; Mrs. Ella Massett, embroidered sofa pillow, baby's bib and pair guest towels; Marion Massett, embroidered sofa pillow, doll and pincushion; quilt made by Mrs. Ruth Grover's grandmother at the age of 74 years, every square of which has a hand embroidered design drawn from nature without using a pattern; Mrs. E. Payne Grover, shawl over 100 years old, one of old fashioned hand painted chies 100 years old, waistcoat 100 years old, a pair dress worn by E. Payne Grover and his three brothers and made from the first piece of print brought to Bethel; Mrs. Fred Miller, embroidered pin cushion, collar and cuff set and guest towels; Mrs. F. H. Tash, pair tatting guest towels; Mrs. C. H. Grover, patch work quilt; Mrs. D. C. Smith, pair embroidered guest towels; Mrs. Jennie Littlejohn, embroidered cushion piece; Hyman Masson, little rug made 80 years ago; W. J. Willey, harness carried by him for 2 years in the Civil War; Adrian Grover, deer's head; Thomas Vashaw,

deer's head and coat rack; W. G. Bonnell, deer's head; Curtis Hutchinson, deer's head; 2 crayon drawings by Master Frank Vashaw; display of flowers, Mrs. Bertha Sumner; display of drawings by the West Bethel School; display of Begonias, ferns and Coleus.

Canned Fruit

On the canned fruit and vegetable table were displays by Ruth B. Grover of rhubarb, blackberries, string beans, plums, pickled peaches, pears, cherries, peas, beets, tomatoes and maple syrup; Mrs. Clara Abbott showed a can of raspberries that was put up in 1908, peaches, cucumber pickles and gherkins; Mrs. C. David Morrill, chow chow; Mrs. L. L. Barabam, field straw berries and string beans; Mrs. L. E. Mills, tomatoes, corn, rhubarb, pumpkin, string beans, apple sauce, maple syrup, chutney sauce, peas, peaches, plums, tomato pickle, mince meat, sweet cucumber pickles, shrub, blossoms; Mrs. J. Scribner, cucumber pickle, gherkins, peaches, maple syrup, mountain cranberries, quinces, plectrums; Minnie Lutton, beet pickles, corn, pumpkins, peaches, sweet cucumber pickles, string beans; H. N. Upton, cranberries, plectrums; Ella A. Grover, cranberries, blackberries, plums, gherkins.

Vegetables

There was a very good display of vegetables, considering the season. A. L. Grover had cabbages, parsnips, cucumbers, mangels, onions, beets, pumpkins, pears, plums, apples and eggs; E. L. & A. L. Grover, cranberry, yellow eye, pea and red bean and peas; D. H. McLeod, sweet corn, ruta bagas,

carrots, potatoes, onions, beets, pumpkins, yellow corn; H. B. Lowell had four varieties of potatoes, Norcross, early Ohio, early rose and Fowlers, besides citron, ruta bagas, cucumbers, beets, carrots, pumpkins and Tom Thumb corn; F. E. Howard, beets, carrots and apples; Will Mason, mangels and ruta bagas; J. McClester, cucumbers; Douglas Cushing, yellow eye beans, India wheat, beets, carrots, ruta bagas, tomatoes and cucumbers; squash shown by Chas. Valentine, W. W. Goodridge, S. O. Grover, L. L. Barabam, U. B. Morrill, T. W. Vashaw, Ralph H. P. Vashaw, A. B. Grover and T. W. Vashaw. Unfortunately no judges were appointed for the articles in the exhibition hall so no ribbons were awarded.

Poultry

Among the poultry Adrian Grover won first with his white wyandotte hen, silver wyandotte hen and barred rock cockerel; G. D. Morrill won first with his white leghorn and Mrs. E. A. Grover second; buff orpingtons, P. B. Coffin, 1st; R. L. reds, A. B. Grover; 1st; chicks, Mildred Morrill 1st, A. G. Grover 2nd; S. O. Grover won first with his black bantams hens and chicks and with his bantams; Lottan & Gilman Hutchinson won 1st on young chicks and Hollis Hutchinson 2nd; H. M. Verrell showed guinea chicks and Gerald Cushing guinea hens; L. L. Barabam showed barred rocks and also Gerald Cushing; A. J. Hutchinson, R. L. red chicks 2 months old. The judge was A. Van Der Kerkhoven.

Stock

A herd of Herefords headed by a

fine 14 month old bull owned by Ernest Morrill, blue ribbon, also a Durham cow and calf, blue ribbon; Guy Morrill, Hereford steers, blue ribbon; Ervin Hutchinson, yoke Durham oxen, blue ribbon; G. D. Morrill, herd of fine Holstein cows, also a cow and two calves, blue ribbon; H. N. Upton, 2 goats, 1 kid; H. P. Vashaw, 2 3 years old colts, blue ribbon; A. B. Grover, mare and colt, blue ribbon; Henry Verrell, 10 fine white pheasant pigs, blue ribbon; T. W. Vashaw, sow, 4 pigs; Nicholas Mather, pet lamb led by a chain, blue ribbon. The judges were: Nahum Scribner, Fred Scribner, Ervin Hutchinson.

Drawing Horses

In the afternoon came the horse pulling and attracted its share of the crowd. Three classes were made up, one of horses weighing 2500 lbs. and over, one of horses between 2500 and 3000, and the third of horses between 2500 and 2800, and it was to see who could make the farthest pull in five minutes. The drag was weighted the same for the 2800 and 2500 classes. 2500 class—James Westleigh, 48 ft. 6 in.; Missa Chapin, 19 ft. 1 in.; Thad Lutton, 10 ft. 6 in. 2500 class—James Westleigh, 100 ft.; Frances Westleigh, 27 ft. 8 in. 2500 class—H. M. Bailey, 101 ft. 1.2 in.; Frances Westleigh, 36 ft. 1 in. The judges were: Ervin Hutchinson, H. M. Verrell, C. P. Valentine.

Committees

To the various committees belong the praise of the fair but more especially to the entertainment committee of the Grange where the idea of the fair started. Not only the Grange but the

whole village took hold of the idea and all worked together bringing it to a successful finish.

Grange Committee—Mrs. W. W. Goodridge, D. D. McLeod, W. G. Bonnell.

Fair Committee—D. Cushing, W. J. Douglass, Joe Mather, E. H. Morrill, D. McLeod, Len Sumner, G. D. Morrill. Exhibition Hall—Mrs. T. W. Vashaw, Mrs. N. J. Scribner, Mrs. Annie McLean, Mrs. Phebe Head.

Dinner Committee—Mrs. W. W. Goodridge, Mrs. Jennie Hutchinson, Mrs. Belle Bennett, Mrs. Minnie Lutton, Mrs. Doty Morrill, Mrs. Corn Morrill, Mrs. Eva DeCosta, Archie Hutchinson, Robert Edwards, W. H. Mason, F. J. Bean.

Dining Room Committee—F. C. Florette, Mabel Scribner, Irene Morrill, Marion Bean, Lucy Eagle, Mildred Eagle, Mrs. Helen Perkins.

Stock—Joe Mather. Poultry—Adrian Grover.

Fancy Articles and Aprons—Mrs. Ruth Grover, Clara Abbott, Helen Howarth.

Handkerchief Table—Margery Mason, Lila Sumner.

Laska Booth—Mabel Scribner, Edith Brooks.

"Old Lady Judy"—Nicholas Mather.

Agate Ware Booth—Asa Howarth, Roy Lane.

Pop Corn—Allen McKeane.

Tag Committee—Mrs. Ben Kessell, Gladys Bennett.

Canned Fruit Committee—Mrs. Thad Lutton.

Plant Committee—Mrs. Nahum Scribner.

Flower Committee—Mrs. Len Sumner. Ice Cream Booth—Harry Kessell.

THE LIGHTED WAY.

Let those who will sound notes of doll despair, And all with lamentation all the air— For me, let it be mine always to send The cheery note of Love, unto this end: That they who on some path of darkness grope May find their way to Light through gleams of Hope! John Kendrick Bagg.

Even the thirsty chap tries to dodge the bar of justice.



BETHEL INN

Happenings of the Week

Mrs. Joseph Fleck motored to Paris on Tuesday.

Mr. Sumner Robinson of Paris, arrived on Sunday for a short visit.

There will be a meeting of the executive committee of the Golf Club on the latter part of the week.

Mr. F. L. Hodges of Boston, hunted big game, is a guest at the Bethel Inn, doing a little hunting about Bethel.

Mr. and Mrs. John Herrington of New York, left for morning for Bretton Woods three days visit at the Inn.

Mr. William Bingham was here for dinner party on Saturday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Gregg, Miss Mayhew, and Mr. Hemingway.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Cole, who were visitors on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, were on their way home in South Paris.

That September is a popular month for the Bethel Inn and honeymooners has been shown by having been no less than thirteen couples at the Inn during the month.

Mr. A. Hornby, who has been here for the summer at Dixville, N. H., been a frequent luncheon guest at the Inn. Mr. Hornby makes his home in California and returns to the Inn in the Spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Billings, Miss Billings, Mr. and Mrs. Baldwin, Miss Baldwin arrived on Sunday for a short visit. Both families have been in camp during the summer. Mr. and Mrs. Billings have a fine summer residence at stock, Vt.

While out horseback riding last week in the vicinity of Dixville, Mr. Wm. Bingham jumped a large fox, and immediately gave and enjoyed the exhilarating sport quite a while, but having no had to abandon the chase when brush got too heavy.

The golfers have had another week. During the past few days has been quite a discussion in to the merits of a new machine has been introduced into our midst whether or not the club is all the claim for it, we can tell better seeing it in use during the tournament.

Arrivals—Mr. and Mrs. W. Graham, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Miss G. Atkins, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Mrs. James Gregg, New York, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick T. West, Chicago, Ill.; Mr. H. B. Skeels, Chicago, Ill.; Miss Eleanor West, Chicago, Ill. and Mrs. J. B. Studley, Jr., Mass.; Mr. and Mrs. F. R. H. Newton, Mass.; Miss M. M. B. Portland, Me.; Miss S. Boothby, Portland, Me.; Mr. S. Boothby, Portland, Me.; Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Neal, Mass.; Mrs. C. A. Bennett, Mass.; Mr. Theodore H. Pell, Larchmont, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. F. Sawyer, Lowell, Mass.; Mr. E. L. Young, Jr., Boston, Mass. and Mrs. W. L. Buchanan, Maine, N. Y.

NOTICE

Mrs. MacGregor wishes to announce that her dancing classes at Bethel have changed from Friday to Saturday Primary Class at 2.00. Intermediate Class at 3.00. Advanced Class at 5.00. Those wishing for further information may apply to Mrs. L. W. B.

NOTICE OF LOST BANK

Notice is hereby given that the Savings Bank has been notified of loss of deposit issued by said bank to Mabel H. Bartlett and now said bank has been destroyed or lost and she desires to have a new deposit issued to her.

BETHEL SAVINGS BANK by A. E. Herick, Treasurer Sept. 25, 1915. Bethel, Me.

HOME AND STORE, Boston 12 year and your ad free! Ad partment stores. 74